

# 中 彩 網 通 控 股 有 限 公 司 China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 8071)



ANNUAL REPORT 2011

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Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors ("**Directors**") of China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited ("**Company**") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM ("**GEM Listing Rules**") of the Stock Exchange for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

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# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Leung Ngai Man *(Chairman)* Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield

Ms. Wu Wei Hua

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung Mr. Cai Wei Lun

Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Man Tsz Sai, Lavender

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Mr. Leung Ngai Man

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Leung Ngai Man Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung (Chairman)

Mr. Cai Wei Lun

Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung (Chairman)

Mr. Cai Wei Lun Mr. Leung Ngai Man

Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012)

# NOMINATION COMMITTEE

#### (established on 23 March 2012)

Mr. Leung Ngai Man (Chairman)

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung

Mr. Cai Wei Lun

Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012)

#### **AUDITORS**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

CITIC Bank International Limited Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 1006, 10th Floor Tower One, Lippo Centre 89 Queensway Hona Kona

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Cayman) Limited Butterfield House 68 Fort Street, P.O. Box 609 Grand Cayman, KY1-1107 Cayman Islands

# BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

#### STOCK CODE

8071

#### **WEBSITE**

www.chinanetcomtech.com

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the board ("Board") of Directors, I hereby present to our shareholders ("Shareholders") the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2011 ("year").

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

For the year, the Group's audited revenue from continuing operation and the loss attributable to owners of the Company were approximately HK\$2,014,000 and HK\$618,778,000 respectively, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$568,000 and approximately HK\$1,268,495,000 respectively as compared with the audited revenue from continuing operation of approximately HK\$2,582,000 and the loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$1,887,273,000 for the year ended 31 December 2010.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

In January 2011, the name of the Company has been changed to China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited which is a benchmark of the Group striving to become one of the leading operator of high-frequency lottery sales hall in the People's Republic of China ("**PRC**") as well as the pioneer in manufacturing and developing self service lottery terminals.

During the year, 深圳環彩普達科技有限公司 (Shenzhen Huancai Puda Technology Company Limited, being its unofficial English name) ("**Huancai Puda**"), a subsidiary in which the Company has controlling interest, has engaged in various kinds of agreement with different parties to expand its lottery sales business. Some of the agreements were listed as follows:

#### Agreement with Guangzhou Zhujiang Online

On 16 May 2011, an agreement was entered into with 廣州珠江在線多媒體信息有限公司 (Guangzhou Zhujiang Online Multimedia Company Limited, being its unofficial English name) regarding the development of interactive TV lottery service.

#### Agreement with Guangzhou Luyin

On 28 July 2011, a framework agreement was entered into with 廣州魯銀投資有限公司 (Guangzhou Luyin Investment Co., Limited, being its unofficial English name) in relation to the co-operation in the development of digital TV lottery sales projects in order to enlarge the market share and increase the profitability of the digital TV lottery sales projects operated by the parties.

#### Contract with Scientific Games

On 12 December 2011, a contract was entered into with Scientific Games Worldwide Limited ("**Scientific Games**") in relation to i) the joint development of tabletop and mobile terminals in the PRC; ii) the implementation of the construction of the self-service terminal sales network; and iii) the joint promotion of the construction and operation of the China Sports Lottery self-service terminals sales system. Scientific Games is one of the world's leading producer of instant lottery tickets and the exclusive service provider of the instant lottery tickets of the China Sports Lottery.

#### Joint Venture Agreement with China Digital Library

On 21 July 2011, joint venture agreement was entered into between Multi Joy Corporation Limited ("**Multi Joy**"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and 中國數字圖書館有限責任公司 (China Digital Library Limited Company, being its unofficial English name) ("**China Digital Library**") in relation to the formation of 中數三網科技 (北京) 有限公司 (Zhongshu Sanwang Technology (Beijing) Limited being its unofficial English name) ("**Zhongshu Sanwang**") to be principally engaged in IPTV services related advertisement and value-added services in the PRC on 21 July 2011.

# **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

#### Framework Agreement with a vendor

On 11 November 2011, a framework agreement was entered into between a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("**Subsidiary**") and a vendor ("**Vendor**"), pursuant to which the Subsidiary has conditionally agreed to acquire and the Vendor has conditionally agreed to dispose of and procure relevant parties to dispose of the non-controlling equity interests in a company which is principally engaged in the provision of services for an **instant lottery game** in the PRC.

#### **INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**

China's lottery industry has experienced a rapid growth, with annual sales reaching RMB221.575 billion in 2011. This is a net increase of RMB55.339 billion or 33%, as compared to the annual sale of RMB166.236 billion in 2010.

The overall lottery industry in China continues to grow, particularly in high frequency game, quick-result lottery and single match game. These real time, interactive, TV and electronic lottery games will be the new growth areas in China's lottery industry. The annual sales of high frequency game and quick-result lottery reached RMB35.142 billion, a net increase of RMB16.218 billion or 85.69% as compared to the annual sales of RMB18.926 billion in 2010. These three lottery games will be key drivers for China's lottery industry.

#### **PROSPECT**

In 2012, a first-class China lottery operation team was established by the Company. The lottery business is growing through innovative channels by ways of distribution channels, lottery games and equipment for sales of lottery tickets. The Company intends to position as the investment operator and equipment provider of high frequency lottery sales hall in the PRC. The Company will focus on (i) setting up lottery sales hall for high frequency and electronic instant lottery games. More than 30 self-service lottery terminals will be installed in a new lottery sales hall with an area of over 300 square meters. Paperless lottery sales service for high frequency games, instant lottery tickets, electronic instant lottery games and TV lottery games will be offered; and (ii) developing and manufacturing new self-service lottery terminals and systems including electronic instant lottery terminals and paperless sales equipment for high-frequency games.

The Company is currently developing the lottery businesses in Liaoning, Chongqing, Guangxi, Hainan, etc. In the coming years, the Company intends to invest in and operate 300-500 lottery sales halls with high frequencies games and targets to reach annual sales of over RMB10 billion. The Company also expects to sell 50,000 units of new self-service lottery terminals and aims to be a leading operator of high-frequency lottery sales hall in the PRC, as well as the pioneer in manufacturing and developing self service lottery terminals.

#### **APPRECIATION**

Lastly, I would take this opportunity to thank our valued Shareholders, business partners, advisors, management and staffs for their invaluable assistance and unwavering support of our efforts to capitalise on this promising industry.

**Leung Ngai Man**Chairman of the Board

Hong Kong, 23 March 2012









High frequency lottery gaming hall front door



High frequency lottery gaming hall



"Happy 12" winning screen shot



"Happy 12" game in progress





High frequency lottery self-service betting machine



"Happy 12" game in progress



"Happy 12" game in progress



"Happy 12" game in progress

#### **OPERATIONAL REVIEW**

During the year, the revenue of the Group was approximately HK\$2,014,000 which decrease by approximately HK\$568,000 as compared with that of last year (2010: HK\$2,582,000). The revenue was mainly derived from lottery business and trading of computer hardware and software.

The loss for the year of approximately HK\$618,778,000 (2010: HK\$1,887,273,000) attributable to the owners of the Company decrease by approximately HK\$1,268,495,000.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

For the year, the Group's audited revenue from continuing operation and the loss attributable to owners of the Company were approximately HK\$2,014,000 and HK\$618,778,000 respectively, representing a decrease of approximately HK\$568,000 and a decrease of approximately HK\$1,268,495,000 respectively as compared with the audited revenue from continuing operation of approximately HK\$2,582,000 and the loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$1,887,273,000 for the year ended 31 December 2010. The impairment loss of goodwill relating to the gold mine for the year ended 31 December 2011 was approximately HK\$379,581,000 (2010: HK\$674,000,000) which was due to the unsatisfactory exploration study result of the gold mine located at Luoxi City, Yunnan Province, the PRC. The Group's revenue for the year was mainly generated from lottery business and trading of computer hardware and software.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group has cash and bank balances (excluding pledged bank deposit) of approximately HK\$161,455,000 (2010: HK\$348,172,000). The majority bank balances are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi and put in short term deposit.

As at 31 December 2011, the Group recorded total assets of approximately HK\$941,766,000 (2010: HK\$1,501,998,000), and recorded total liabilities of approximately HK\$791,203,000 (2010: HK\$790,061,000).

#### Capital structure

As at 31 December 2011, the Company's total number of issued shares was 9,271,175,247 ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each ("**Shares**") (2010: 9,059,175,247 Shares). Changes in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Major events

#### Notifiable transaction - contract with Scientific Games

On 12 December 2011, a contract was entered into between Huancai Puda and Scientific Games in relation to i) the joint development of tabletop and mobile terminals in the PRC; ii) the implementation of the construction of the self-service terminal sales network; and iii) the joint promotion of the construction and operation of the China Sports Lottery self-service terminals sales system. Scientific Games is one of the world's leading producer of instant lottery tickets and the exclusive service provider of the instant lottery tickets of the China Sports Lottery. Details of the contract were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 December 2011.

#### Framework Agreement with a vendor

On 11 November 2011, a framework agreement was entered into between Subsidiary and the Vendor, pursuant to which the Subsidiary has conditionally agreed to acquire and the Vendor has conditionally agreed to dispose of and procure relevant parties to dispose of the non-controlling equity interests in a company which is principally engaged in the provision of services for an **instant lottery game** in the PRC. Details of the framework agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 14 November 2011.

#### Connected transaction - disposal of a subsidiary

On 15 September 2011, the Group completed the disposal of 100% equity interest in Business Essence Technology Limited ("**Business Essence**") to Mr. Leung Ngai Man, an executive Director, at a total consideration of HK\$7,965,241. The sole asset of Business Essence was its 95% equity interest in 中山市 光彩未來軟件有限公司 (Zhongshan Guangcai Future Software Company Limited, being its unofficial English name). Details of the disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 9 September 2011.

#### Discloseable transaction - formation of a joint venture

On 21 July 2011, Multi Joy and China Digital Library entered into a joint venture agreement ("**JV Agreement**") in relation to the formation of Zhongshu Sanwang which will acquire 50% equity interest of 中數寰宇科技(北京) 有限公司 (Zhongshu Huanyu Technology (Beijing) Limited, being its unofficial English name) which had entered into a joint venture agreement with 央視國際網絡有限公司 (CCTV International Network Co., Ltd, being its unofficial English name) and 深圳市騰訊計算機系統有限公司 (Shenzhen Tencent Computer Systems Company Limited, being its unofficial English name) to engage in IPTV services, related advertisement and value-added services in the PRC. Details of the JV Agreement were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 22 July and 26 July 2011.

# Connected and major transaction – acquisition of the entire equity interests of CIL and MIL

On 2 March 2011, Greatest Profit Investment Limited as the purchaser ("**Greatest Profit**"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Century Profit Holdings Limited as the vendor ("**Century Profit**") and Mr. Lin Zhiwei, being a director of Huancai Puda and therefore a connected person of the Company, and the other two beneficial shareholders of the Vendor (collectively, the "**Warrantors**") entered into an acquisition agreement regarding the acquisition of 49% equity interests of Huancai Puda ("**Acquisition**") which is currently an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at a consideration of RMB73,500,000.

Upon completion, Huancai Puda will become an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Acquisition constitutes a connected and major transaction for the Company. An ordinary resolution regarding the approval of the Acquisition agreement was duly passed by the independent Shareholders by way of poll at the extraordinary general meeting held on 16 November 2011. Details of the Acquisition were set out in the circular of the Company dated 28 October 2011 and the announcements of the Company dated 2 March, 9 March, 31 May, 23 August and 16 November 2011.

#### Segment review

During the year, the ordinary activities had been mainly derived from the following three business seaments:

- i) Trading of computer hardware and software segment: this business segment is conducted in the
- ii) Exploration of mines segment - this segment represents the exploration of gold mines in the
- iii) Lottery business segment – development of computer software, hardware and application system, sale of self-developed technology or results, provision of relevant technical consultancy services in the PRC and development and provision of operation software system sector of the PRC lottery market.

The Group will continue the trading of computer hardware and software, exploration of gold mines and development and provision of operation software system sector of the PRC lottery market.

#### **Employee information**

As at 31 December 2011, the Group employed a total of 62 (2010: 76) employees. The staff costs, including Directors' remuneration and share-based payment, were approximately HK\$25,961,000 (2010: HK\$17,386,000).

The salaries and benefits of the Group's employees are kept at a competitive level and employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's salary and bonus system, which is reviewed annually. The Group also operates a share option scheme adopted by the Company on 29 June 2007 ("Share Option Scheme") where options to subscribe for Shares may be granted to the Directors, employees and consultants of the Group. The aim of the Share Option Scheme is to recognise outstanding performance of the staff in order to retain key staff members and for the benefits of the future business development of the Group.

#### Charge on Group assets

As at 31 December 2011, a fixed deposit of approximately HK\$210,000 was pledged for obtaining the corporate card services (2010: HK\$210,000).

#### Future plans for material investments or capital assets

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no specific plan for material investments and acquisition of material capital assets as at 31 December 2011. However, the Group will continue to seek new business development opportunities especially in the sector of the PRC lottery market.

#### Gearing ratio

As at 31 December 2011, the gearing ratio of the Group was 437% (2010: 91%), based on the total borrowings of HK\$657,568,000 (2010: HK\$650,892,000) and the total equity of approximately HK\$150,563,000 (2010: HK\$711,937,000).

#### **Exposure to fluctuation in exchange rates**

The Group has no significant foreign exchange risk due to limited foreign currency translations.

#### **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2010: Nil).

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Leung Ngai Man, aged 51, joined the Group on 2 April 2007 as executive Director and was appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company on 29 June 2007 and subsequently re-designated as the chairman of the Board on 31 March 2008. As at the date of this report, Mr. Leung is also the chairman of the senior management committee and a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Mr. Leung is also directors of various subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 25 years' experience in the areas of trading, property development and management in the PRC. He has established an extensive business and social network and relationship with numerous PRC companies. Mr. Leung commenced business in the property development sector in the 1990s. He is also the chairman of the board and an executive director of Sino Prosper State Gold Resources Holdings Limited (stock code: 766) ("Sino Prosper").

**Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield**, aged 53, joined the Group as executive Director on 16 October 2007. As at the date of this report, Mr. Ng is also a member of the senior management committee of the Company and directors of various subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 23 years' experience in consumer and commercial finance in the markets of Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Ng is currently an executive Director of Sino Prosper and an independent non-executive director of China Uptown Group Company Limited (stock code: 2330) and Long Success International (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 8017).

**Ms. Wu Wei Hua**, aged 41, joined the Group on 11 December 2007 as executive Director. As at the date of this report, Ms. Wu is also a member of the senior management committee of the Company. Save as disclosed above, she did not hold any other position with the Group. Ms. Wu graduated from Donghua University in the PRC and obtained a Bachelor Degree in Textile Engineering. She has been working in the industry of finance and administration management in the PRC since 1995 and has gained extensive management experience throughout these years. Ms. Wu is currently the financial controller of Sino Prosper and its subsidiaries in the PRC.

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung, aged 47, joined the Group as independent non-executive Director on 16 October 2007. As at the date of this report, Dr. Leung is also the chairman of each of the audit committee and the remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Company. Save as disclosed above, he did not hold any other position with the Group. Dr. Leung is a qualified accountant and chartered secretary with over 25 years of experience in accounting, auditing and financial management. He graduated from Curtin University with a Bachelor of Commerce Degree majoring in Accounting and subsequently obtained a Postgraduate Diploma in Corporate Administration and a Master Degree in Professional Accounting from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, a Doctor of Philosophy Degree in Management from the Empresarial University of Costa Rica and a Doctor of Education Degree from Bulacan State University. Dr. Leung is an associate member of each of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales, CPA Australia, The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also a visiting lecturer of the Open University of Hong Kong (LiPACE) and the Hong Kong University (SPACE). Dr. Leung is an independent non-executive director of each of Mobicon Group Limited (stock code: 1213) and Sino Prosper.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Cai Wei Lun**, aged 56, joined the Group on 11 August 2009 as independent non-executive Director. As at the date of this report, Mr. Cai is also a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. Save as disclosed above, he did not hold any other position with the Group. He has over 22 years' experience in the property development sector in the PRC. Mr. Cai is currently an independent non-executive director of Sino Prosper.

Mr. Qi Ji, aged 24, joined the Group as independent non-executive Director on 29 February 2012. As at the date of this report, Mr. Qi is also a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company. He graduated from Changchun University of Technology with a degree in Computer Network Technology. Mr. Qi has been engaged in computer software and hardware development and programming. He has extensive experience in web design, website production and management.

#### **Senior Management**

Mr. Zhang Jing, aged 57, has been appointed as the chief executive officer of china lottery business of the Group with effect from 1 January 2012. Mr. Zhang was the president and chief operating officer (lottery operation) of REXLot Holdings Limited (stock code: 555) before joining the Company. He has over 30 years of experience in governmental affairs and corporate management in China. He has been involved in the development of the lottery industry in China since 2000 and has extensive experience in the operation of the lottery market in China.

**Mr. Xing Honghai**, aged 48, has been appointed as the chief operating officer of the Group with effect from 1 July 2011. Mr. Xing was the general manager of Caitong Multimedia Vision Company Limited, a joint venture of REXLot Holdings Limited (stock code: 555) before joining the Group. He has extensive experiences in the lottery industry and communication industry in China with sophisticated corporate strategic planning capability, vast expansion execution capability as well as strong leadership.

Mr. Lin Zhi Wei, aged 38, the Chief Technology Officer of the Group. Mr. Lin graduated from Tsinghua University in the PRC majoring in automatic control. He was a senior engineer of Chinese Academy of Sciences and was appointed as one of the first batch of expert members of the National E-Government Consultant and Training Expert Committee (國家電子政務諮詢培訓專家委員會) where he took charge of several major government informatisation construction projects, and developed the first 彩證通 (selling lotteries on securities trading platforms) and 彩銀通 (selling lotteries on banking platforms) systems of the PRC. Mr. Lin has rich experience in lottery operation and major information system construction. In 2002, he was engaged in establishing Shenzhen Bozone IT Co. Ltd, and served as its chief operating officer. Mr. Lin was the first one to bring forward the conception of selling lotteries on mobile phone, digital television, movable termination and internet. He focuses on developing and using new public platforms to expand lottery-related businesses.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ji Feng Qing, aged 46, the Chief Executive Officer of Shenzhen Huancai. Mr. Ji graduated from Nankai University in the PRC and obtained a Bachelor Degree in History. Currently, he is studying for the Master of Finance in Nankai University. Mr. Ji has been working in the industry of lottery business operation and information technology in the PRC since 1993 and has gained extensive management experience throughout these years. He has over 18 years' experience in the areas of marketing, sales, finance and management in the information technology industry. Mr. Ji was one of the founders of Shenzhen Huancai.

**Mr. Wu Bin**, aged 37, the Chief Technology Officer of Shenzhen Huancai. Mr. Wu graduated from Tsinghua University in the PRC and obtained a Master Degree in Electrical Engineering. He has been working in the industry of lottery business operation and electrical engineering in the PRC since 2001 and has gained extensive management experience throughout these years. Mr. Wu has over 11 years' experience in the areas of marketing, sales, and management in the electrical engineering and information technology industry. He was one of the founders of Shenzhen Huancai.

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business segments is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2011 and the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 33 to 125.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year (2010: Nil).

#### SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE OPTIONS AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital, share options, and convertible bonds during the year, together with the reasons thereof, are set out in notes 32, 34 and 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity respectively.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

In accordance with the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to the Shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. As at 31 December 2011, the Company did not have any reserves available for distribution (2010: Nil).

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association ("**Articles**") or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

#### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the published results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out on page 126 of the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2011 ("Annual Report"), of which this report forms part.

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the year, the purchases and sales percentage from the major customers and suppliers of the Group is set out below:

#### Percentage of total purchases

#### (1) Purchases

| - the largest supplier                | 52% |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| - the five largest suppliers combined | 89% |

#### Percentage of total sales

#### (2) Sales

| – the largest customer (Note)         | 26% |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| - the five largest customers combined | 94% |

As far as the Directors are aware, none of the Directors or any of their associates, or any Shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers for the year.

Note: The largest customers are 大連俊興經貿有限公司, 大連餘慶酒源有限公司 and 遼寧本道律師事務所有限公司 which accounted for 26.31% each of the total sales of the Group.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Leung Ngai Man

Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield

Ms. Wu Wei Hua

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung

Mr. Cai Wei Lun

Mr. Qi Ji

(appointed on 29 February 2012)

In accordance with article 86 (3) of the Articles, Mr. Qi Ji shall hold office until the annual general meeting. He, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election as Director at the annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM").

In accordance with articles 87 (1) and (2) of the Articles, Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield and Dr. Leung Wai Cheung will retire as Directors by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as Directors at the forthcoming AGM.

#### INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received annual written confirmations from each of its independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence during the year in accordance with the relevant requirements of the GEM Listing Rules and all independent non-executive Directors are still being considered to be independent.

#### **DIRECTORS' BIOGRAPHIES**

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 12 to 14 of the Annual Report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors who proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements, no Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

#### DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO RULE 17.50A(1) OF THE GEM LISTING RULES

During the reporting period, the updated information on Director discloseable under Rule 17.50A(1) of the GEM Listing Rules is as follows:

Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield, an executive Director, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of China Uptown Group Company Limited (stock code: 2330) on 30 June 2011.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS INTHE SHARES AND** UNDERLYING SHARES OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2011, the interests and short positions of the Directors in the share capital of the Company or any of its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong ("SFO"), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in the ordinary Shares and underlying Shares

| N (2)  | • "                              |                       | per of<br>Underlying   | Total number<br>of Shares and<br>underlying | Approximate percentage of the issued share |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Name of Directors                                | Capacity                         | Shares                | Shares                 | Shares                                      | capital                                    |
| Mr. Leung Ngai Man                               | Beneficial owner                 | 2,681,060,000         | 600,416,666            | 3,281,476,666                               | 35.39                                      |
| ("Mr. Leung")                                    | Through a controlled corporation | 1,474,400<br>(Note 1) | _                      | 1,474,400                                   | 0.02                                       |
| Mr. Ng Kwok Chu,<br>Winfield (" <b>Mr. Ng</b> ") | Beneficial owner                 | 472,500               | 10,000,000<br>(Note 2) | 10,472,500                                  | 0.11                                       |
| Ms. Wu Wei Hua<br>(" <b>Ms. Wu</b> ")            | Beneficial owner                 | -                     | 10,000,000<br>(Note 3) | 10,000,000                                  | 0.11                                       |

#### Notes:

- These Shares were held by Speedy Well Investments Limited ("Speedy Well") which was wholly and beneficially 1. owned by Mr. Leung. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Leung was deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Speedy Well
- On 10 July 2008, Mr. Ng was granted share options pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to subscribe for a total of 20,000,000 shares at an exercise price of HK\$0.1328 per share. The options would be exercisable during the period from 10 July 2008 to 29 June 2017. As a result of the consolidation of every two shares in the issued and unissued share capital of the Company into one consolidated share of HK\$0.001 each which became effective on 21 October 2008 ("2008 Share Consolidation"), the relevant subscription price was adjusted from HK\$0.1328 to HK\$0.2656 per Share and the number of Shares falling to be issued under the outstanding share options was adjusted from 20,000,000 shares to 10,000,000 Shares.
- 3 On 10 July 2008, Ms. Wu was granted share options, pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to subscribe for a total of 20,000,000 shares at an exercise price of HK\$0.1328 per share. The options would be exercisable during the period from 10 July 2008 to 29 June 2017. As a result of the 2008 Share Consolidation, the relevant subscription price was adjusted from HK\$0.1328 to HK\$0.2656 per Share and the number of Shares falling to be issued under the outstanding share options was adjusted from 20,000,000 shares to 10,000,000 Shares.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors had registered any interest or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares or any associated corporations" and in the Share Option Scheme disclosure in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or their respective spouse or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Details of the Share Option Scheme which replaced its old share option scheme adopted on 19 February 2001 are set out in note 34. Details of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme and remain outstanding as at 31 December 2011 are as follow:

|                                       |                         |                          |            |                              |                      |                            |                                |   |                              | Closing price<br>of Shares<br>immediately             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| Name or<br>category of<br>participant | Share<br>option<br>type | At<br>1 January<br>2011‡ | Granted    | ber of share op<br>Exercised | Cancelled/<br>Lapsed | At 31<br>December<br>2011‡ | Date of<br>grant of<br>options | Exercise<br>period<br>of share<br>options | price<br>of share<br>option* | before<br>the date of<br>grant of<br>options#<br>HK\$ |
| <b>Directors</b><br>Mr. Ng            | 2008                    | 10,000,000               | -          | -                            | -                    | 10,000,000                 | 10 July 2008                   | 10 July 2008 to<br>29 June 2017           | 0.2656                       | 0.258   |
| Ms. Wu                                | 2008                    | 10,000,000               | -          | -                            | -                    | 10,000,000                 | 10 July 2008                   | 10 July 2008 to<br>29 June 2017           | 0.2656                       | 0.258   |
| Sub-total                             |                         | 20,000,000               | -          | -                            | -                    | 20,000,000                 |                                |   |                              |   |
| Other eligible employees and others   |                         |                          |            |                              |                      |                            |                                |   |                              |   |
| In aggregate                          | 2007(a)                 | 48,000,000               | -          | -                            | -                    | 48,000,000                 | 9 July 2007                    | 9 July 2007 to<br>29 June 2017            | 0.2850                       | 0.248   |
|                                       | 2007(b)                 | 41,000,000               | -          | -                            | -                    | 41,000,000                 | 22 August 2007                 | 22 August 2007 to<br>29 June 2017         | 0.4060                       | 0.364   |
|                                       | 2008                    | 40,000,000               | -          | (4,000,000)                  | -                    | 36,000,000                 | 10 July 2008                   | 10 July 2008 to<br>29 June 2017           | 0.2656                       | 0.258   |
|                                       | 2009                    | 13,000,000               | -          | (13,000,000)                 | -                    | -                          | 10 December 2009               | 10 December 2009<br>to 29 June 2017       | 0.1176                       | 0.113   |
|                                       | 2011                    |                          | 15,000,000 | -                            | -                    | 15,000,000                 | 15 February 2011               | 15 February 2011<br>to 29 June 2017       | 0.3330                       | 0.315   |
| Sub-total                             |                         | 142,000,000              | 15,000,000 | (17,000,000)                 | -                    | 140,000,000                |                                |   |                              |   |
| Total                                 |                         | 162,000,000              | 15,000,000 | (17,000,000)                 | -                    | 160,000,000                |                                |   |                              |   |
| Weighted average exercise price       |                         | 0.2950                   | 0.3330     | 0.1524                       | _                    | 0.3137                     |                                |   |                              |   |
| 5.15.0100 p1100                       |                         | 0.2000                   | 0.0000     | V.1027                       |                      | 0.0107                     |                                |   |                              |   |

#### Notes:

The exercise price of the share options was subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2011, no person or company (other than the Directors) had an interest or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and were directly or indirectly interest in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of the share capital carrying rights to vote on all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group.

#### **CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE**

During the year, the Group did not enter into any contract of significance with its controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries.

During the year, no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Group by a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries was made.

#### CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions for the year are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements and such related party transactions do not fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" in chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS**

None of the Directors or substantial Shareholders or any of their respective associates has engaged in any business that competes or may compete with the businesses of the Group or has any other conflict of interests with the Group.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public as at the date of this report. The Company has maintained a sufficient public float in compliance with Rule 18.08B of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### **EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

#### Supplemental Agreement with Century Profit and Mutual International Limited

A supplemental agreement dated 6 March 2012 was entered into between Greatest Profit, Century Profit and Mutual International Limited and Mr. Lin Zhiwei and the two beneficial shareholders of Century Profit, pursuant to which the parties agreed to extend the long stop date as more time is required for the fulfillment of the conditions, including but not limited to the obtaining of a production for sales terminal network entry permit, in the form and substance satisfactory to the Greatest Profit, to be issued in the name of Huancai Puda by the relevant PRC lottery regulatory authority. Details of the supplemental agreement were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 6 March 2012.

#### Share consolidation and change in board lot size

An ordinary resolution in relation to the share consolidation ("2012 Share Consolidation") of every 5 issued and unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each into 1 consolidated share of HK\$0.005 each ("Consolidated Share") was passed on 24 February 2012 and become effective on 27 February 2012. The authorised share capital of the Company remains at HK\$100,000,000 but comprise 20,000,000,000 Consolidated Shares of which 1,854,235,049 Consolidated Shares were in issue. Upon the 2012 Share Consolidation become effective, the board lot size was changed from 15,000 shares to 5,000 Consolidated Shares. Details of the 2012 Share Consolidation were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 19 January and 24 February 2012 and the circular of the Company dated 8 February 2012.

#### Agreement with Jinse Pingdao

Max Choice Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and 上海金色平道文化傳媒有限公司 (Shanghai Jinse Pingdao Cultural Media Limited, being its unofficial English name) ("**Jinse Pingdao**"), the operator of Xingfu lottery channel, entered into an agreement on 18 January 2012, pursuant to which the Company agreed to set up a joint venture company with Jinse Pingdao through Huancai Puda to co-develop TV interactive lottery services in the PRC. Details of the agreement were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 27 January 2012.

#### **Agreement with Liaoning Welfare Lottery**

Huancai Puda and 遼寧省福利彩票發行中心 (Liaoning Province Welfare Lottery Issuing Centre, being its unofficial English name) ("Liaoning Welfare Lottery"), being a service provider of lottery in Liaoning Province (遼寧省), entered into (i) a cooperation agreement, pursuant to which Huancai Puda agreed to set up and manage the sales point of a high payout and quick-result lottery game namely China Welfare Lottery "Happy 12" in Liaoning Province and act as the sales agent; and (ii) a service agreement, pursuant to which Liaoning Welfare Lottery appointed Huancai Puda to undertake the development and maintenance of the sales management system of "Happy 12". Details of the agreement were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 13 February 2012.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee ("Audit Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules. During the year, the Audit Committee comprises two independent non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Leung Wai Cheung (chairman of the Audit Committee) and Mr. Cai Wei Lun.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control of the Group. During the year, the Audit Committee held four meetings. The annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee which is of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards, the GEM Listing Rules and the legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

A report detailed corporate governance is set out on pages 24 to 30 in the annual report.

#### **AUDITORS**

The accounts for the year were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming AGM. In March 2012, the practice of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng was reorganised as HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited. A resolution for the appointment of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited as the auditors of the Company for the subsequent year is to be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

> By order of the Board **China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited** Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield Executive Director

Hong Kong, 23 March 2012

#### CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules except the following:

(a) Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the role of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Currently, the role of the chairman of the Board is performed by Mr. Leung who possesses essential leadership skills and has extensive knowledge in the business of the Group. The Board believes that vesting the role of the chairman in Mr. Leung provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership, facilitates effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies, and ensures the generation of benefits to the Shareholders.

Although the appointment of the chief executive officer of the Company remains outstanding, the overall management of the Company was performed by Mr. Leung and all the executive Directors who have extensive experience in the business of the Group. Their respective areas of profession spearheaded the Group's overall development and business strategies.

The Company is still looking for a suitable candidate to fill the vacancy of the chief executive officer in order to comply with the CG Code.

Code provision A.3 stipulates that under rule 5.05 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Board must include (b) at least three independent non-executive Directors.

Following the resignation of Mr. Wang Jun Sui on 28 October 2010, the number of independent non-executive Directors and Audit Committee members fell below the minimum number required under rules 5.05(1) and 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules respectively during the year.

Subsequent to the reporting period, Mr. Qi Ji was appointed on 29 February 2012 to fill the vacancy in order to comply with the CG Code and the GEM Listing Rules.

#### THE BOARD AND THE MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The Board has overall responsibility for the stewardship of the Group, including the responsibilities for the adoption of long-term strategies and appointing and supervising senior management to ensure that the operation of the Group is conducted in accordance with the objective of the Group. The senior management committee was established on 27 June 2005 and of its members are Mr. Leung, the chairman of the Committee, Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield and Ms. Wu Wei Hua, all are the executive Directors. The Board currently comprises six Directors and their respective roles are set out as follows:

Mr. Leung Ngai Man Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield Ms. Wu Wei Hua Dr. Leung Wai Cheung Mr. Cai Wei Lun Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012) Chairman and Executive Director
Executive Director
Executive Director
Independent non-executive Director
Independent non-executive Director
Independent non-executive Director

The list of Directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules.

Currently, Dr. Leung Wai Cheung, Mr. Cai Wei Lun and Mr. Qi Ji are the independent non-executive Directors. All of them are under a term of service of one year commencing from the date of their respective appointment or the date of entering into their respective service contract. All Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles, provided that the appointment may be terminated by the Company or the Director concerned with a written notice of not less than one month unless both parties agreed otherwise.

Save for the co-directorship of Mr. Leung Ngai Man, Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield, Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and Mr. Cai Wei Lun in Sino Prosper, and Ms. Wu Wei Hua, being the financial controller of Sino Prosper and its subsidiaries in the PRC, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) among members of the Board. All of them are free to exercise their independent judgement during the year. The Company has received annual written confirmations from Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and Mr. Cai Wei Lun, being the independent non-executive Directors during the year in respect of their independence pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules.

In accordance with the Articles, one-third of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from the office and being eligible offer themselves for re-election provided that every Director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to be retired by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or re-appointment.

The Board meets regularly (at least four times a year at quarterly intervals) for reviewing and approving the financial and operating performance, and considering and approving the overall strategies and policies of the Company. Additional meetings are convened as and when the Board considers necessary. 12 Board meetings (four of which were regular Board meetings) were held during the year. The Directors attended those meetings in person, by phone or through other electronic means of communication. The attendance record of each Director during the year ended 31 December 2011 is set out below:

| Directors                                 | Number of Board meetings attended/eligible to attend |
|---|--|
| Executive Directors                       |  |
| Mr. Leung Ngai Man                        | 12/12  |
| Mr. Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield                 | 12/12  |
| Ms. Wu Wei Hua                            | 11/12  |
| Independent non-executive Directors       |  |
| Dr. Leung Wai Cheung                      | 7/7  |
| Mr. Cai Wei Lun                           | 7/7  |
| Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012) | 0/0  |

Execution of daily operational matters is delegated to the management.

In case where conflict of interest arises involving a substantial Shareholder or a Director, such matter will not be dealt with by written resolutions. Independent non-executive Directors with no conflict of interest will be dealt with such conflict issues.

The board committees of the Company, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee save all adopted the applicable practices and procedures used in the Board meetings for all committee meetings.

#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

The appointment of the chief executive officer of the Company remains outstanding. The Company is still looking for a suitable candidate to fill the vacancy in order to comply with the CG Code.

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

During the year, the selection and appointment of a Director and the Directors' independence are determined by the full Board. The Board also reviews its composition (including skills, knowledge and experience of its members) regularly to ensure its members can provide balanced skills and experience.

On 23 March 2012, a nomination committee was established with written terms of reference in order to comply with the recent amendments on the CG Code effective on 1 April 2012. The Committee is chaired by Mr. Leung (chairman of the Board) and other members include Dr. Leung Wai Cheung, Mr. Cai Wei Lun and Mr. Qi Ji (all are independent non-executive Directors).

#### **26** CHINA NETCOM TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee was established on 27 June 2005, comprising all the independent nonexecutive Directors and the chairman of the Board. The committee is currently chaired by Dr. Leung Wai Cheung and other members include Mr. Cai Wei Lun, Mr. Leung and Mr. Qi Ji. The role and functions of the Remuneration Committee include the determination of the specific remuneration packages of all Directors, which include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, comprising any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment. The Remuneration Committee also considers factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The Remuneration Committee collects and reviews the remuneration plan and policy of all Directors and the senior management of the Group by reference to the prevailing rate which other companies listed on GEM adopt. During the year ended 31 December 2011, four meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held. Details of the attendance of the meeting are as follows:

|   | Number of                       |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Marchan                                   | Remuneration Committee meetings |
| Members                                   | attended/eligible to attend     |
| Dr. Leung Wai Cheung                      | 4/4                             |
| Mr. Cai Wei Lun                           | 4/4                             |
| Mr. Leung Ngai Man                        | 4/4                             |
| Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012) | 0/0                             |

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and comprehensible assessment of the Group's performance and prospects. The Board is also responsible for preparing the accounts of the Company, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group on a going concern basis, and other price-sensitive announcements and financial disclosures. The management provides all relevant information and records to the Board enabling the Board to make the above assessment and to prepare the accounts and other financial disclosures. In full compliance with Rule 5.28 of GEM Listing Rules, the Audit Committee, which has been established since the listing of the Company, was composed of the three independent non-executive Directors as at the date of this report. The Audit Committee is currently chaired by Dr. Leung Wai Cheung with the other members being Mr. Cai Wei Lun and Mr. Qi Ji who was appointed on 29 February 2012. During the year, the following persons served as members of the Audit Committee:

| Name                 | Service period                          |
|----------------------|---|
| Dr. Leung Wai Cheung | From 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011 |
| Mr. Cai Wei Lun      | From 1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011 |

During the year, no former partner of the Company's existing auditing firm acted as a member of the Audit committee within one year on the date of his or her ceasing to be a partner or had any financial interest in the auditing firm. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditors during the year. The Audit Committee's primary duties include ensuring the Group's consolidated financial statements, annual, interim and quarterly reports, and the auditors' report present a true and balanced assessment of the Group's financial position, reviewing the Group's financial control, internal control and risk management systems and reviewing the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices.

The work done by the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2011 are set out as follows:-

- (a) reviewing and recommending the annual report, interim report and quarterly reports for the relevant period or year to the Board for approval;
- (b) discussing the application of the new accounting policy with the external auditors;
- (c) recommending the re-appointment of the auditors to the Board for approval; and
- (d) reviewing the internal control system and the recommendation made by the external auditors.

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources enabling it to discharge its duties. For the financial year ended 31 December 2011, the Audit Committee held four meetings. The individual attendance record of each member of the Audit Committee is as follows:

> Number of **Audit Committee** meetings attended/ eligible to attend

#### Member

Dr. Leung Wai Cheung 4/4 Mr. Cai Wei Lun 4/4 Mr. Qi Ji (appointed on 29 February 2012) 0/0

The secretary of the Company keeps full minutes of all meetings of the Audit Committee. In line with practices of the meetings of the Board and other committees, draft and final versions of the minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are circulated to all members of the Audit Committee for comments, approval and record as soon as practicable after each meeting.

The accounts for the year were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming AGM. In March 2012, the practice of HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng was reorganised as HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited be nominated for appointment as the auditors of the Company at the forthcoming AGM.

The Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee have adopted specific terms of reference clearly defining their respective powers and responsibilities. These committees are required by their terms of reference to report to the Board in relation to their decisions, findings or recommendations, and in certain specific situations, to seek the Board's approval before taking any actions. The Board reviews, on a yearly basis, all delegations by the Board to each of the committees to ensure that such delegations are appropriate and continue to be beneficial to the Group as a whole.

#### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

As at 31 December 2011, the fee payable to the auditors in respect of the audit and non-audit services provided by the auditors of the Group is as follows:

| Type of services   | Amount     |
|--------------------|------------|
|                    | (HK\$'000) |
| Audit services     | 900        |
| Non-audit services | 620        |

#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIRED STANDARD OF DEALINGS IN **SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS**

During the year, the Group adopted Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors ("Required Standard of Dealings"). Upon the Group's specific enquiry, each Director confirmed that during the year ended 31 December 2011 he or she had fully complied with the Required Standard of Dealings and there was no event of non-compliance.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND AUDITORS' ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2011. The auditors of the Company acknowledge their reporting responsibilities in the auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the effectiveness of the Group's internal control and risk management system, which is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information and records or against financial losses of fraud.

The Group has in place an effective internal control system which encompasses sound control environment, appropriate segregation of duties, well-defined policies and procedures, close monitoring and is reviewed and enhanced by the management at regular intervals.

The Group is committed to maintaining and upholding good corporate governance practices and internal control system. The Group has engaged external consultants, CT Partners Consultants Limited, to conduct an annual review of the lottery business under COSO Framework and make recommendations for improvement and strengthening of the internal control system. In respect of the year ended 31 December 2011, the Board considered the internal control system effective and adequate. No significant areas of concern which might affect shareholders were identified.

By order of the Board

**China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited** Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 23 March 2012

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



**Chartered Accountants** Certified Public Accountants 31/F. Gloucester Tower The Landmark 11 Pedder Street Central Hong Kong

#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA NETCOM TECHNOLOGY HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 33 to 125, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2011, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2011, and of the Group's loss and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng**

Chartered Accountants Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 23 March 2012

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

For the year ended 31 December 2011

|   | Notes                    | 2011<br>HK\$'000   | 2010<br>HK\$'000   |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| Continuing operations   |                          |  | (Restated)   |
| Revenue<br>Cost of sales  | 5                        | 2,014<br>(1,870)   | 2,582<br>(2,091)   |
| Gross profit Other income and gains Administrative expenses Impairment loss of goodwill Impairment loss of other intangible assets Loss on early redemption of promissory note Finance costs Other operating expenses Share of loss of an associate | 7<br>18<br>20<br>30<br>8 | 144<br>11,344<br>(41,147)<br>(391,981)<br>(24,187)<br>(70,497)<br>(103,798)<br>(22,237)<br>(298) | 491<br>334<br>(30,677)<br>(1,082,300)<br>(1,629,552)<br>(11,520)<br>(43,849)<br>(23,873)<br>(50) |
| Loss before tax<br>Income tax credit  | 9                        | (642,657)<br>3,146   | (2,820,996)<br>237,433   |
| Loss for the year from continuing operations  | 10                       | (639,511)  | (2,583,563)  |
| Discontinued operation  |                          |  |  |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation   | 11                       | (3)  | (75)   |
| Loss for the year   |                          | (639,514)  | (2,583,638)  |
| Other comprehensive income, net of income tax   |                          |  |  |
| Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Reclassification adjustment relating to foreign operation disposed of during the year Share of other comprehensive income of an associate  | 21                       | 42,735<br>110<br>9   | 121,739<br>-<br>11   |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax  |                          | 42,854   | 121,750  |
| Total comprehensive expense for the year  |                          | (596,660)  | (2,461,888)  |
| Loss attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests   |                          | (618,778)<br>(20,736)  | (1,887,273)<br>(696,365)   |
|   |                          | (639,514)  | (2,583,638)  |
| Total comprehensive expense attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests  |                          | (589,359)<br>(7,301)   | (1,800,525)<br>(661,363)   |
|   |                          | (596,660)  | (2,461,888)  |
| Loss per share  | 14                       |  |  |
| From continuing and discontinued operations  – Basic and diluted (HK cents per share)   |                          | (34.0)   | (188.2)  |
| From continuing operations  – Basic and diluted (HK cents per share)  |                          | (34.0)   | (188.2)  |

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 31 December 2011

|  | Notes                      | 2011<br>HK\$'000                        | 2010<br>HK\$'000                          |
|--|----------------------------|---|---|
| Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets Interest in an associate Available-for-sale investment | 16<br>18<br>20<br>21<br>22 | 2,297<br>34,409<br>728,462<br>54<br>118 | 2,113<br>402,016<br>746,897<br>343<br>118 |
|  |                            | 765,340                                 | 1,151,487                                 |
| Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary                        | 23<br>24<br>25             | 488<br>13,777<br>496                    | 1,672<br>457                              |
| Pledged bank deposit<br>Cash and bank balances   | 26<br>26                   | 210<br>161,455                          | 210<br>348,172                            |
|  |                            | 176,426                                 | 350,511                                   |
| Current liabilities Trade and other payables Amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Current tax liabilities            | 27<br>28                   | 14,886<br>220<br>1                      | 13,028<br>212<br>3                        |
|  |                            | 15,107                                  | 13,243                                    |
| Net current assets   |                            | 161,319                                 | 337,268                                   |
| Total assets less current liabilities  |                            | 926,659                                 | 1,488,755                                 |
| Non-current liabilities Convertible bonds Promissory note Deferred tax liabilities   | 29<br>30<br>31             | 79,883<br>577,685<br>118,528            | 90,944<br>559,948<br>125,926              |
|  |                            | 776,096                                 | 776,818                                   |
| Net assets   |                            | 150,563                                 | 711,937                                   |
| Capital and reserves<br>Share capital<br>Reserves  | 32                         | 9,271<br>(163,648)                      | 9,059<br>391,905                          |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company<br>Non-controlling interests  |                            | (154,377)<br>304,940                    | 400,964<br>310,973                        |
| Total equity   |                            | 150,563                                 | 711,937                                   |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 33 to 125 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23 March 2012 and signed on its behalf by:

Leung Ngai Man Director Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield Director

# **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

At 31 December 2011

|   | Notes    | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|----------|------------------|------------------|
| Non-current assets  |          |                  |                  |
| Property, plant and equipment   | 16       | 36               | 97               |
| Investments in subsidiaries   | 17       | 556,276          | 984,276          |
|   |          | 556,312          | 984,373          |
|   |          |                  |                  |
| Current assets  | 0.4      |                  | 0.5              |
| Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries | 24<br>17 | 3<br>251,828     | 25<br>152,777    |
| Bank balances   | 26       | 28,844           | 277,239          |
|   |          |                  |                  |
|   |          | 280,675          | 430,041          |
| Current liabilities   |          |                  |                  |
| Other payables and accruals   | 27       | 2,109            | 1,077            |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries   | 17       | 16,658           | 33,797           |
|   |          | 18,767           | 34,874           |
| Net current assets  |          | 261 009          | 205 167          |
| Net current assets  |          | 261,908          | 395,167          |
| Total assets less current liabilities                                     |          | 818,220          | 1,379,540        |
| Non-current liabilities   |          |                  |                  |
| Convertible bonds   | 29       | 79,883           | 90,944           |
| Promissory note   | 30       | 577,685          | 559,948          |
| Deferred tax liabilities  | 31       | 10,639           | 17,347           |
|   |          | 668,207          | 668,239          |
|   |          |                  |                  |
| Net assets  |          | 150,013          | 711,301          |
| Capital and reserves  |          |                  |                  |
| Share capital   | 32       | 9,271            | 9,059            |
| Reserves  | 33       | 140,742          | 702,242          |
| Total equity  |          | 150,013          | 711,301          |

Leung Ngai Man Director

Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield Director

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

|  | Attributable to owners of the Company |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------|----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
|  |                                       |           |            | Convertible |          | Foreign     |           |             |             | Attributable |             |
|  |                                       | Share     | Capital    | bonds       | Share    | currency    |           |             |             | to non-      |             |
|  | Share                                 | premium   | redemption | equity      | options  | translation | Other A   | Accumulated |             | controlling  |             |
|  | capital                               | account   | reserve    | reserve     | reserve  | reserve     | reserve   | losses      | Subtotal    | interests    | Total       |
|  | HK\$'000                              | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000     | HK\$'000    |
|  |                                       |           | (Note 33)  |             |          |             | (Note 33) |             |             |              |             |
| Balance at 1 January 2010                    | 3,626                                 | 1,475,357 | 1          | -           | 18,486   | (4,732)     | (49)      | (459,550)   | 1,033,139   | 1,843        | 1,034,982   |
| Loss for the year                            | -                                     | -         | -          | -           | -        | -           | -         | (1,887,273) | (1,887,273) | (696,365)    | (2,583,638) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year      | -                                     | -         | -          | -           | -        | 86,748      | -         | -           | 86,748      | 35,002       | 121,750     |
| Total comprehensive income/                  |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
| (expense) for the year                       | -                                     | -         | -          | -           | -        | 86,748      | -         | (1,887,273) | (1,800,525) | (661,363)    | (2,461,888) |
| Non-controlling interests arising on         |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
| acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 37(b))     | _                                     | _         | _          | _           | _        | _           | _         | _           | _           | 970,493      | 970,493     |
| Recognition of equity-settled                |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             | 0707100      | 070,100     |
| share-based payments                         | _                                     | -         | _          | _           | 720      | _           | _         | _           | 720         | _            | 720         |
| Issue of new ordinary shares (Note 32 (iii)) | 2,564                                 | 423,515   | -          | -           | -        | -           | -         | -           | 426,079     | -            | 426,079     |
| Transaction costs attributable to issue      |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
| of new ordinary shares                       | -                                     | (10,128)  | -          | -           | -        | -           | -         | _           | (10,128)    | _            | (10,128)    |
| Issuance of Consideration                    |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
| Shares (Note 32 (iv))                        | 200                                   | 33,400    | _          | _           | -        | _           | _         | _           | 33,600      | _            | 33,600      |
| Issue of ordinary shares under share         |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
| option scheme (Note 32 (i))                  | 142                                   | 21,379    | -          | -           | (3,952)  | -           | -         | -           | 17,569      | -            | 17,569      |
| Lapse of share options                       | _                                     | -         | -          | -           | (1,118)  | -           | _         | 1,118       | -           | -            | -           |
| Recognition of the equity component of       |                                       |           |            |             |          |             |           |             |             |              |             |
| convertible bonds (Note 29)                  | _                                     | -         | -          | 439,210     | -        | -           | _         | _           | 439,210     | -            | 439,210     |
| Deferred tax relating to convertible bonds   | -                                     | -         | -          | (17,347)    | -        | -           | -         | -           | (17,347)    | -            | (17,347)    |
| Exercise of convertible bonds (Note 32 (ii)) | 2,527                                 | 610,195   | -          | (334,075)   | -        | -           | -         | -           | 278,647     | -            | 278,647     |
| Delegan et 24 Describes 2010                 | 0.050                                 | 0 550 740 | A          | 07.700      | 14 100   | 00.040      | (40)      | /0.04E 70E\ | 400.004     | 010.070      | 711 007     |
| Balance at 31 December 2010                  | 9,059                                 | 2,553,718 |            | 87,788      | 14,136   | 82,016      | (49)      | (2,345,705) | 400,964     | 310,973      | 711,937     |

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

|  | Attributable to owners of the Company |   |   |   |   |   |   |                                   |                      |   |                     |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------|
|  | Share<br>capital<br>HK\$'000          | Share<br>premium i<br>account<br>HK\$'000 | Capital<br>redemption<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note 33) | Convertible<br>bonds<br>equity<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000 | Share<br>options<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000 | Foreign<br>currency<br>translation<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000 | Other<br>reserve<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note 33) | Accumulated<br>losses<br>HK\$'000 | Subtotal<br>HK\$'000 | Attributable<br>to non-<br>controlling<br>interests<br>HK\$'000 | Total<br>HK\$'000   |
| Balance at 1 January 2011  | 9,059                                 | 2,553,718                                 | 1   | 87,788  | 14,136                                  | 82,016  | (49)                                      | (2,345,705)                       | 400,964              | 310,973   | 711,937             |
| Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year  | -                                     | -   | -   | -   | -                                       | 29,419  | -   | (618,778)                         | (618,778)<br>29,419  | (20,736)<br>13,435  | (639,514)<br>42,854 |
| Total comprehensive income/ (expense) for the year   | -                                     | -   | -   | -   | -                                       | 29,419  | -   | (618,778)                         | (589,359)            | (7,301)   | (596,660)           |
| Non-controlling interest arising on acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 37(a))  Capital contribution by a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary | -                                     | -   | -   | -   | -                                       | -   | -   | -                                 | -                    | (30)<br>1,283   | (30)<br>1,283       |
| Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments Issue of ordinary shares under share  | -                                     | -   | -   | -   | 1,230                                   | -   | -   | -                                 | 1,230                | -   | 1,230               |
| option scheme (Note 32 (i)) Released upon disposal of subsidiaries (Note 38)   | 17                                    | 3,369                                     | -   | -   | (795)                                   | -   | -   | -                                 | 2,591                | -<br>15   | 2,591<br>15         |
| Deferred tax relating to convertible bonds  Exercise of convertible bonds (Note 32 (ii))   | 195                                   | 51,523                                    | -   | 4,252<br>(25,773)                                     | -                                       | -   | -   | -                                 | 4,252<br>25,945      | -   | 4,252<br>25,945     |
| Balance at 31 December 2011  | 9,271                                 | 2,608,610                                 | 1   | 66,267  | 14,571                                  | 111,435   | (49)                                      | (2,964,483)                       | (154,377)            | 304,940   | 150,563             |

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

| From continuing operations   (2,583,563)   (2,583,563)   (3) (75)  |  | N     | 2011      | 2010        |
|--|--|-------|-----------|-------------|
| Loss for the year   From continuing operations   (39,511)   (2,583,563)   From discontinued operation   (3) (75)   Adjustments for:  |  | Notes | HK\$'000  | HK\$1000    |
| Loss for the year   From continuing operations   (39,511)   (2,583,563)   From discontinued operation   (3) (75)   Adjustments for:  | Cash flows from operating activities         |       |           |             |
| From discontinued operation   Adjustments for:   | Loss for the year                            |       |           |             |
| Adjustments for:  Income tax credit recognised in profit or loss Share of loss of an associate Finance costs recognised in profit or loss Finance costs recognised in respect of equity-settled Finance costs recognised in respect of equity-settled Finance costs recognised in trade and other receivables Finance costs recognised in trade and other receivables Finance costs recognised in respect of equity-settled Finance costs recognised in trade and other receivables Finance costs recognised in trade and other receivables Finance costs recognised in trade and other receivables Finance costs recognised in trade and other payables Finance recognised in trade and other payables Finance in inventories Finance recognised in trade and other payables Finance recognised in trade and trade recognised in trade recognised in trade and  | From continuing operations                   |       | (639,511) | (2,583,563) |
| Income tax credit recognised in profit or loss   13,146   237,433     Share of loss of an associate   288   50     Finance costs recognised in profit or loss   103,798   43,849     Interest income   (2,438)   (216)     Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment   7   10     Gain on disposal of subsidiaries   38   (8,120   1-  | From discontinued operation                  |       | (3)       | (75)        |
| Share of loss of an associate   298   50   | Adjustments for:                             |       |           |             |
| Finance costs recognised in profit or loss   103,798   103,798   103,798   103,798   103,798   105,798     |  |       |           | / /         |
| Interest income  |  |       |           |             |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of subsidiaries 38 (8,120) 1-   | ·  |       |           | •           |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries         38         (8,120)         —         Loss on early redemption of promissory note         30         70,497         11,520         Depreciation of property, plant and equipment         623         331         Amortisation of other intangible assets         21,916         23,863         Impairment loss of goodwill         391,981         1,082,300         1,082,300         1,629,552         Expense recognised in respect of equity-settled share-based payments         24,187         1,629,552         Expense recognised in respect of equity-settled share-based payments         1,230         720         720           Movements in working capital (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables         (2,965)         717         720  |  |       |           | . ,         |
| Loss on early redemption of promissory note   30   70,497   11,520     Depreciation of property, plant and equipment   623   331     Amortisation of other intangible assets   21,916   23,863     Impairment loss of goodwill   391,981   1,082,300     Impairment loss of other intangible assets   24,187   1,629,552     Expense recognised in respect of equity-settled share-based payments   1,230   720     Movements in working capital   (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables   (2,965)   717     Decrease in amount due from an associate   - 218     Increase in amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary   (39)   (182)     Increase in inventories   (488)   - (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables   (362)   9,636     Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary   8   (2,782)     Cash used in operations   (42,527)   (21,485)     Interest paid   (1,674)   - (1,674)   - (1,674)   - (1,674)   - (1,674)   - (1,674)     Income taxes paid   (2)   (16)     Net cash used in operating activities   (44,203)   (21,501)     Cash flows from investing activities   (11,674)   - (1,6   |  | 38    | •         | -           |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of other intangible assets   21,916   23,863   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,300   1,082,352   1,082,552   1,082,   | ·  |       |           | 11.520      |
| Amortisation of other intangible assets  |  |       | •         |             |
| Impairment loss of other intangible assets   24,187   1,629,552   Expense recognised in respect of equity-settled share-based payments   1,230   720   |  |       | 21,916    | 23,863      |
| Expense recognised in respect of equity-settled share-based payments   | Impairment loss of goodwill                  |       | 391,981   | 1,082,300   |
| 1,230   720  |  |       | 24,187    | 1,629,552   |
| Movements in working capital (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Decrease in amount due from an associate Increase in amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Increase in inventories (1488) Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Increase in amount due to a non-controlling interest paid Income taxes paid  Cash used in operating activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Interest received Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in pledged bank deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  (1747) (29,092)  717 717 717 718 718 717 717 718 718 71   |  |       | 1,230     | 720         |
| Movements in working capital (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Decrease in amount due from an associate Increase in amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Increase in inventories (Mas) Increase in inventories (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Interest paid Income taxes paid  Cash used in operating activities  Vet cash used in operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Cash flows from a non-controlling interest  (112,965)  Cash flows from investing activities  Cash flows from a non-controlling interes |  |       | ,         |             |
| (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Decrease in amount due from an associate Increase in amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Increase in inventories (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations (42,527) Interest paid Income taxes paid  Cash used in operating activities  Net cash used in operating activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in pledged bank deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  - 218  (39) (182) (39) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (182) (193) (182) (184) (185) (194) (195) (195)  |  |       | (38,681)  | (29,092)    |
| Decrease in amount due from an associate Increase in amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary Increase in inventories (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Increase in inventories  Cash used in operations Increase in operations Increase in please of available-for-sale investment Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in pledged bank deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Increeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Increase in please in please in property, plant and equipment Increase in please in p |  |       | (0.00=)   | 747         |
| Increase in amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary (39) (182) Increase in inventories (488) – (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables (362) 9,636 Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary 8 (2,782)  Cash used in operations (42,527) (21,485) Interest paid (1,674) – Income taxes paid (2) (16)  Net cash used in operating activities (44,203) (21,501)  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment – (118) Interest received 2,142 216 Increase in pledged bank deposit – (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) (12,056) Payments for property, plant and equipment – 198  |  |       | (2,965)   |             |
| of a subsidiary Increase in inventories (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Increase paid  Cash used in operations Increase paid  Income taxes paid  Cash used in operating activities  Net cash used in operating activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits  Payments for property, plant and equipment  Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  (189)  (182) (488) (2782)  (21,485) (21,485) (116)  (42,527) (21,485) (116)  (44,203) (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)  (21,501)   |  |       | _         | 218         |
| Increase in inventories (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Increase in inventories (42,527) Interest paid Income taxes paid  Cash used in operating activities  Net cash used in operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits  Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  - (188) - (42,527) - (11,674) - (160) - (118) - (118) - (118) - (118) - (118) - (112,892) - (12,056) - (12,056) - (147,056) - (150) - (150) - (160) - (1747) - (1747) - (1850) - (198)   | · ·  |       | (39)      | (182)       |
| (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Increase paid Income taxes paid  Net cash used in operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits  Payments for property, plant and equipment  Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  (362)  9,636  (42,527) (21,485) (11,674)  (2) (16)  (44,203) (21,501)  (21,501)  (118) (118) (112,892) (12,056) (12,056) (147) (850) (1906)   | ,  |       | • •       | (102)       |
| Increase/(decrease) in amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary  Cash used in operations Interest paid Income taxes paid  (1,674) Income taxes paid  (2) Income taxes paid  (2) Income taxes paid  Income ta |  |       | , ,       | 9,636       |
| Cash used in operations Interest paid Income taxes paid  (1,674) Income taxes paid  (2) (16)  Net cash used in operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Interest received Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  (21,485)  (44,203) (21,485)  (44,203) (21,501)  (118) (21,501)  (118) (21,501)  (118) (21,501) (21,501) (21,501)  |  |       | ` '       | •           |
| Interest paid (1,674) — (16) Income taxes paid (2) (16)  Net cash used in operating activities (44,203) (21,501)  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment — (118) Interest received 2,142 216 Increase in pledged bank deposit — (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) (12,056) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) (850) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment — 198  | interest of a subsidiary                     |       | 8         | (2,782)     |
| Interest paid (1,674) — (16) Income taxes paid (2) (16)  Net cash used in operating activities (44,203) (21,501)  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment — (118) Interest received 2,142 216 Increase in pledged bank deposit — (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) (12,056) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) (850) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment — 198  | Carlo mand in a cardina                      |       | (40 507)  | (01 405)    |
| Income taxes paid  (2) (16)  Net cash used in operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Interest received Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits  Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  (2) (16)  (44,203)  (21,501)  |  |       |           | (21,485)    |
| Net cash used in operating activities  Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment Interest received Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  (21,501)  (118)  (118)  (112,892) (12,056)  (112,892) (12,056)  (144,203)  (118)  | ·  |       |           | (16)        |
| Cash flows from investing activities  Purchase of available-for-sale investment – (118) Interest received Increase in pledged bank deposit – (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) (12,056) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) (850) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment – 198  | ——————————————————————————————————————       |       | (2)       | (10)        |
| Purchase of available-for-sale investment – (118) Interest received 2,142 216 Increase in pledged bank deposit – (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment – 198   | Net cash used in operating activities        |       | (44,203)  | (21,501)    |
| Purchase of available-for-sale investment – (118) Interest received 2,142 216 Increase in pledged bank deposit – (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment – 198   | Cook flavor from investing activities        |       |           |             |
| Interest received Increase in pledged bank deposit Increase in short-term bank deposits Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment  - 2,142 (1) (112,892) (12,056) (850) - 198   |  |       | _         | (118)       |
| Increase in pledged bank deposit – (1) Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment – 198   |  |       | 2.142     |             |
| Increase in short-term bank deposits (112,892) Payments for property, plant and equipment (747) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment – 198  |  |       | _,        |             |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment – 198  | · · ·  |       | (112,892) |             |
|  | Payments for property, plant and equipment   |       | (747)     | (850)       |
|  |  |       | -         | 198         |
| Deposit paid for acquisition of non-controlling interest   |  | 0.4   | /= =c=1   |             |
| of a subsidiary 24 (8,702) –   | ,  | 24    |           |             |
|  | Payments for other intangible assets         | 27    |           |             |
| Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries 37 (6,960) Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries 38 7,960 -  |  |       |           | (46,312)    |
| Tive Cush innovi on disposar of substitutions 30 7,300 -   | The cash lillow on disposal of substitutiles | JU    | 7,300     |             |
| Net cash used in investing activities (119,811) (58,964)   | Net cash used in investing activities        |       | (119,811) | (58,964)    |

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

|   |           | 1        |
|---|-----------|----------|
| N   | 2011      | 2010     |
| Notes   | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000 |
| Cash flows from financing activities  |           |          |
| Proceeds from issue of new ordinary shares                                      | _         | 426,079  |
| Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares under share                              |           | ·        |
| option scheme   | 2,591     | 17,569   |
| Payment for transaction costs attributable to issue                             |           | /        |
| of new ordinary shares  | /110 000\ | (10,128) |
| Repayment of promissory note Capital contribution by a non-controlling interest | (140,000) | (29,000) |
| of a subsidiary   | 1,283     | _        |
| or a casorarary   | 1,200     |          |
| Net cash (used in)/generated by financing activities                            | (136,126) | 404,520  |
| The cash (used hij/generated by hillanding activities                           | (130,120) | 404,320  |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents                            | (300,140) | 324,055  |
| wet (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents                            | (300,140) | 324,000  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year                              | 336,116   | 11,422   |
|   |           |          |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net                                    | 531       | 639      |
|   |           |          |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year                                    | 36,507    | 336,116  |
|   |           |          |
| Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents 26                        |           |          |
| Cash and bank balances  | 161,455   | 348,172  |
| Short-term bank deposits  | (124,948) | (12,056) |
|   |           |          |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year                                    | 36,507    | 336,116  |
|   |           |          |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Netcom Technology Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (1998 Revision) of the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on the Growth Enterprise Market ("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business in Hong Kong of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section of the annual report.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") were involved in the following principal activities:

- trading of computer hardware and software
- exploration of mines
- development of computer software, hardware and application system, sale of self-developed technology or results, provision of relevant technical consultancy services in the People's Republic of China (excluding Hong Kong) (the "PRC") and development and provision of operation software system sector of the PRC lottery market

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group discontinued the staff secondment operation as set out in note 11.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS(s)"), HKFRS(s), amendments and interpretations ("HK(IFRIC) – Int") (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "new and revised HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA:

Amendments to HKFRSs Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2010

Amendments to HKFRS 1 Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures

for First-time Adopters

HKAS 24 (as revised in 2009) Related Party Disclosures
Amendments to HKAS 32 Classification of Right Issues

Amendments to HK(IFRIC) - Int 14 Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement

HK(IFRIC) – Int 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

The application of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

| Amendments to HKFRS 1 | Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for |
|-----------------------|--|
|                       |  |

First-time Adopters<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets<sup>1</sup>

Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and

Financial Liabilities<sup>4</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and

and HKFRS 7 Transition Disclosures<sup>6</sup> HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments<sup>6</sup>

HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements<sup>4</sup>

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements<sup>4</sup>

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities<sup>4</sup>

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement<sup>4</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income<sup>3</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets<sup>2</sup>

HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011) Employee Benefits<sup>4</sup>

HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) Separate Financial Statements<sup>4</sup>

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures<sup>4</sup> HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011) Amendments to HKAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities<sup>5</sup>

HK(IFRIC) - Int 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine<sup>4</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

The amendments to HKAS 32 clarify existing application issues relating to the offsetting requirements. Specifically, the amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off" and "simultaneous realisation and settlement".

The amendments to HKFRS 7 require entities to disclose information about rights of offset and related arrangements (such as collateral posting requirements) for financial instruments under an enforceable master netting agreement or similar arrangement.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

The amended offsetting disclosures are required for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and interim periods within those annual periods. The disclosures should also be provided retrospectively for all comparative periods. However, the amendments to HKAS 32 are not effective until annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014, with retrospective application required.

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 amended in 2010 includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 are described as follows:

- HKFRS 9 requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent reporting periods. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- The most significant effect of HKFRS 9 regarding the classification and measurement of financial liabilities relates to the presentation of changes in the fair value of a financial liability (designated as at fair value through profit or loss) attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability. Specifically, under HKFRS 9, for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss, the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value attributable to a financial liability's credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Previously, under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

HKFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015, with earlier application permitted.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

The directors anticipate that HKFRS 9 that will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2015 and that the application of HKFRS 9 might have impact on amounts reported in respect of the Group's financial assets. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed.

In June 2011, a package of five standards on consolidation, joint arrangements, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011).

Key requirements of these five standards are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that deal with consolidated financial statements and HK (SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities. HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

HKFRS 11 replaces HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and HK (SIC)-Int 13 Jointly Controlled Entities -Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers. HKFRS 11 deals with how a joint arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control should be classified. Under HKFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangements. In contrast, under HKAS 31, there are three types of joint arrangements: jointly controlled entities, jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled operations.

In addition, joint ventures under HKFRS 11 are required to be accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereas jointly controlled entities under HKAS 31 can be accounted for using the equity method of accounting or proportionate accounting.

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

These five standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Earlier application is permitted provided that all of these five standards are applied early at the same time.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

### New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

The directors anticipate that these five standards will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2013. The application of these five standards may have significant impact on amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. However, the directors have not yet performed a detailed analysis of the impact of the application of these standards and hence have not yet quantified the extent of the impact.

HKFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The scope of HKFRS 13 is broad; it applies to both financial instrument items and non-financial instrument items for which other HKFRSs require or permit fair value measurements and disclosures about fair value measurements, except in specified circumstances. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 13 are more extensive than those in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only under HKFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* will be extended by HKFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

HKFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted.

The directors anticipate that HKFRS 13 will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1 January 2013 and that the application of the new standard may affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and result in more extensive disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

The amendments to HKAS 1 retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require additional disclosures to be made in the other comprehensive income section such that items of other comprehensive income are grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis.

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012. The presentation of items of other comprehensive income will be modified accordingly when the amendments are applied in the future accounting periods.

The directors anticipate that the application of the other new and revised standards, amendments or interpretations will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange ("GEM Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if its results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance (effective from 1 January 2010 onwards).

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

### Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it (i) derecognises the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost; (ii) derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them), and (iii) recognises the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest, with any resulting difference being recognised as a gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the Group. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts of fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings/accumulated losses as specified by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a jointly controlled entity.

#### **Business combinations**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 Income Taxes and HKAS 19 Employee Benefits respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree
  or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based
  payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Sharebased Payment at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below); and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5
   *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance
   with that standard.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 3.

#### **Business combinations (Continued)**

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control), and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Business combinations (Continued)

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date.

The policy described above is applied to all business combinations that take place on or after 1 January 2010.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (or groups of cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described below.

#### **Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has the power to control the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are excluded from consolidation from the date that control ceases.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 *Non-current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Upon disposal of an associate that results in the Group losing significant influence over that associate, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset in accordance with HKAS 39. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when it loses significant influence over that associate.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Investments in associates (Continued)

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from provision of lottery system management services, and marketing and technical consultancy services is recognised when the services are rendered.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the leases transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### The Group as lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### The Group as lessee

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy below). Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation
  for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net
  investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive
  income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to noncontrolling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences is re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "Hong Kong Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees who are eligible to participate in the Hong Kong Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Hong Kong Scheme. The assets of the Hong Kong Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the Hong Kong Scheme.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Retirement benefit costs (Continued)

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the government of the PRC, subsidiaries of the Company operating in the PRC participate in a local municipal government retirement benefits scheme (the "PRC Scheme"), whereby the subsidiaries are required to make contributions, as calculated under the rules specified by the relevant PRC local government authorities, to the PRC Scheme to fund their retirement benefits. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the subsidiaries. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the PRC Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the PRC Scheme mentioned above. Contributions under the PRC Scheme are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as incurred. There are no provisions under the PRC Scheme whereby forfeited contributions may be used to reduce future contributions.

#### Share-based payment arrangements

### Share options granted by the Company to employees of the Group in an equitysettled share-based payment arrangement

For grants of share options that are conditional upon satisfying specified vesting conditions, the fair value of services received is determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings/accumulated losses.

# Share options granted to consultants in an equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the goods or services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the share options granted. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses immediately, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets. Corresponding adjustment has been made to equity (share options reserve).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax represents the sum of tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and fittings 2-5 years Computer and office equipment 2-5 years Motor vehicles 5-10 years

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Intangible assets

#### Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Intangible assets (Continued)

#### Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets that are acquired in a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

#### Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

### **Exploration and evaluation assets**

Exploration and evaluation assets are stated at cost less impairment losses. Exploration and evaluation assets include topographical and geological survey drilling, exploratory drillings, sampling and trenching and expenditure incurred for the technical feasibility studies and incurred to secure further mineralisation in the mine ore. Expenditure incurred prior to obtaining the exploration and evaluation rights to explore an area are written off as incurred. Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource had been determined and that the project reaches development phase, exploration and evaluation costs capitalised are amortised. If exploration property is abandoned during the evaluation stage, the total expenditure thereon will be written off.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is reviewed annually and adjusted for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* whenever one of the following events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable (the list is not exhaustive):

- the period for which the Group has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the
  discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Group has decided
  to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely
  to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be
  recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

# Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill and exploration and evaluation assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill and exploration and evaluation assets (Continued)

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a first-in-first-out basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts (if any).

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets "at fair value through profit or loss" (FVTPL), "available-for-sale" (AFS) financial assets and "loans and receivables". The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 3.

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both. which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS financial assets)

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments or (c) financial assets at FVTPL.

AFS financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. Where the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

AFS equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity investments are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at the end of each reporting period (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment loss on financial assets below).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including trade and other receivables, amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, pledged bank deposit and cash and bank balances) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For AFS equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation;
   or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods (see the accounting policy below).

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an AFS financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

In respect of AFS equity investments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of AFS debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at FVTPL.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 3.

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities at FVTPL (Continued)

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, amount due to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, convertible bonds and promissory note) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis other than financial liabilities classified as at FVTPL.

#### Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar non-convertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or at the instrument's maturity date.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

#### Convertible bonds (Continued)

The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible bonds, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to retained profits/accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are recognised directly in equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability component and are amortised over the lives of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvements and recognises an associated liability. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

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#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person,
  - (i) has controls or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

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- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv)one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (V) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
  - a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in note 3. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows (note 19).

#### **Exploration of mines**

An impairment charge of approximately HK\$379,581,000 (2010: HK\$674,000,000) arose in the cash-generating unit ("CGU") of exploration of mines during the course of the 2011 resulting in the carrying amount of the CGU of exploration of mines being written down to its recoverable amount.

#### Lottery business

An impairment charge of HK\$12,400,000 (2010: HK\$408,300,000) arose in the CGU of the lottery business during the course of the 2011 resulting in the carrying amount of the CGU of the lottery business being written down to its recoverable amount. If the estimated growth rate used in the value in use calculation for the CGU of the lottery business had been 5% (2010: 5%) lower than management's estimates at 31 December 2011, the Group would have recognised a further impairment of goodwill by approximately HK\$18,900,000 (2010: HK\$90,300,000). If the estimated pre-tax discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows for the CGU of the lottery business had been 1% (2010: 1%) higher than management's estimates (for example, 23.71% instead of 22.71% (2010: 20.46% instead of 19.46%)), the Group would have recognised a further impairment against goodwill of approximately HK\$20,100,000 (2010: HK\$26,300,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

### Estimated impairment of other intangible assets - exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amount of these assets, or, where appropriate, the CGU to which they belong, is calculated as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to estimate the expected future cash flows from the CGUs and to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. At 31 December 2011, the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets is fully impaired with impairment loss of approximately HK\$24,187,000 (2010: Nil) recognised (note 20).

#### Estimated impairment of other intangible assets - concession rights

Determining whether intangible assets are impaired requires an estimation of the future cash flows expected to arise from the lottery business and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present values. Since the lottery business is in preliminary stage, significant estimation is required in determining the future cash flows expected to arise from the lottery business. The directors are of the view that there is great potential for its lottery business as there are not many companies providing such similar service. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2011, the carrying amount of concession rights related to lottery business is approximately HK\$728,462,000 (2010: HK\$723,861,000), after deducting the accumulated amortisation and impairment of approximately HK\$1,737,150,000 (2010: HK\$1,653,699,000) as detailed in note 20.

### Valuation of share options granted

The fair value of share options granted to employees were calculated using the Black-Scholes valuation model based on the Group management's significant inputs into calculation including an estimated life of share options granted, based on exercise restrictions and behavioural consideration, the volatility of share price, weighted average share prices and exercise price of the share options granted. Furthermore, the calculation assumes nil future dividends.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### **5**. **REVENUE**

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

|  | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000<br>(Restated) |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|
|  |                  |                                |
| Sale of lottery equipment                        | -                | 444                            |
| Sale of computer hardware and software           | 1,590            | 2,138                          |
| Provision of lottery system management services, |                  |                                |
| and marketing and technical consultancy services | 424              | _                              |
|  |                  | _                              |
|  | 2,014            | 2,582                          |

#### 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Information reported to the board of directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (a) Trading of computer hardware and software business - Trading of computer hardware and software in the PRC:
- Exploration of mines business Exploration of gold mines in the PRC; and (b)
- Lottery business Development of computer software, hardware and application system, sale (C) of self-developed technology or results, provision of relevant technical consultancy services in the PRC and development and provision of operation software system sector of the PRC lottery market.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment:

|   | Trading of | computer    |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
|---|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|
|   | hardware a | nd software | Exploratio | n of mines | Lottery   | business    | Total     |             |  |
|   | 2011       | 2010        | 2011       | 2010       | 2011      | 2010        | 2011      | 2010        |  |
|   | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000    |  |
|   |            |             |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
| Segment revenue:                        |            |             |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
|   |            |             |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
| Sales to external customers             | 1,590      | 1,901       | -          | _          | 424       | 681         | 2,014     | 2,582       |  |
|   |            |             |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
| Segment loss                            | (259)      | (115)       | (404,993)  | (674,997)  | (220,623) | (2,121,699) | (625,875) | (2,796,811) |  |
|   |            |             |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
| Interest and other income               |            |             |            |            |           |             | 11,111    | 167         |  |
| Interest on bank overdraft              |            |             |            |            |           |             | (1)       | _           |  |
| Central administration costs            |            |             |            |            |           |             | (27,892)  | (24,352)    |  |
|   |            |             |            |            |           |             |           |             |  |
| Loss before tax (continuing operations) |            |             |            |            |           |             | (642,657) | (2,820,996) |  |

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the current year (2010: Nil).

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment loss represents the loss incurred by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, interest and other income and interest on bank overdraft. This is the measure reported to the chief operation decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### Segment assets and liabilities

#### Trading of computer

|                                       | hardware a | nd software | Exploratio | n of mines | Lottery  | business | То       | tal       |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
|                                       | 2011       | 2010        | 2011       | 2010       | 2011     | 2010     | 2011     | 2010      |
|                                       | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000  |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Segment assets                        | 2,252      | 1,622       | 139        | 389,151    | 776,788  | 779,931  | 779,179  | 1,170,704 |
| Corporate and unallocated assets      |            |             |            |            |          |          | 162,530  | 331,237   |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Total segment assets                  |            |             |            |            |          |          | 941,709  | 1,501,941 |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Assets relating to staff              |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| secondment operation                  |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| (now discontinued)                    |            |             |            |            |          |          | 57       | 57        |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Consolidated assets                   |            |             |            |            |          |          | 941,766  | 1,501,998 |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Segment liabilities                   | 313        | 307         | 69         | 79         | 780,507  | 780,721  | 780,889  | 781,107   |
| Corporate and unallocated liabilities |            |             |            |            |          |          | 10,314   | 8,874     |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Total segment liabilities             |            |             |            |            |          |          | 791,203  | 789,981   |
|                                       |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Liabilities relating to staff         |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| secondment operation                  |            |             |            |            |          |          |          | 00        |
| (now discontinued)                    |            |             |            |            |          |          | -        | 80        |
| 0                                     |            |             |            |            |          |          |          |           |
| Consolidated liabilities              |            |             |            |            |          |          | 791,203  | 790,061   |

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than pledged bank deposit and other unallocated head office and corporate assets. Goodwill and other intangible assets are allocated to reportable segments; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than other unallocated head office and corporate liabilities.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)** 6.

# Other segment information

Trading of computer

|   | hardware and software Exploration of |          | n of mines | Lottery  | business | Total     |          |           |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
|   | 2011                                 | 2010     | 2011       | 2010     | 2011     | 2010      | 2011     | 2010      |
|   | HK\$'000                             | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000  |
|   |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| Depreciation                            | 28                                   | 5        | 1          | 2        | 418      | 126       | 447      | 133       |
| Unallocated depreciation                |                                      |          |            |          |          |           | 176      | 198       |
|   |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| Total depreciation                      |                                      |          |            |          |          |           | 623      | 331       |
|   |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| Share of loss of an associate           | _                                    | _        | _          | _        | 298      | 50        | 298      | 50        |
| Loss on disposal of property,           |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| plant and equipment                     | -                                    | -        | -          | -        | 7        | 10        | 7        | 10        |
| Loss on early redemption of             |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| promissory note                         | -                                    | -        | -          | -        | 70,497   | 11,520    | 70,497   | 11,520    |
| Effective interest on convertible bonds | -                                    | -        | -          | -        | 14,884   | 11,301    | 14,884   | 11,301    |
| Effective interest on promissory note   | -                                    | -        | -          | -        | 88,913   | 32,548    | 88,913   | 32,548    |
| Amortisation of other intangible assets | -                                    | -        | -          | -        | 21,916   | 23,863    | 21,916   | 23,863    |
| Impairment loss of goodwill             | -                                    | -        | 379,581    | 674,000  | 12,400   | 408,300   | 391,981  | 1,082,300 |
| Impairment loss of other                |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| intangible assets                       | -                                    | -        | 24,187     | -        | -        | 1,629,552 | 24,187   | 1,629,552 |
| Addiction                               | 100                                  | 0        | 040        | 4.1      | 0.005    | 0.744.400 | 40.000   | 0.741.404 |
| Additions to non-current assets         | 189                                  | 3        | 612        | 41       | 9,835    | 2,741,420 | 10,636   | 2,741,464 |
| Unallocated                             |                                      |          |            |          |          |           | 17       | 465       |
|   |                                      |          |            |          |          |           |          |           |
| Total additions to non-current assets   |                                      |          |            |          |          |           | 10,653   | 2,741,929 |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

### Geographical information

The Group operates in two principal geographical areas - the PRC and Hong Kong.

The Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets by location of assets are detailed below:

|           | Rever    | nue from   |         |              |
|-----------|----------|------------|---------|--------------|
|           | external | customers  | Non-cur | rent assets* |
|           | 2011     | 2010       | 2011    | 2010         |
|           | HK'000   | HK'000     | HK'000  | HK'000       |
|           |          | (Restated) |         |              |
|           |          |            |         |              |
| PRC       | 2,014    | 2,582      | 764,971 | 1,150,961    |
| Hong Kong | -        | _          | 369     | 526          |
|           |          |            |         |              |
|           | 2,014    | 2,582      | 765,340 | 1,151,487    |

Non-current assets excluding those relating to staff secondment operation.

#### Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 December 2011, there were three customers with revenue of approximately HK\$530,000, HK\$530,000 and HK\$530,000 respectively which accounted for more than 10% of the total revenue related to trading of computer hardware and software segment.

For the year ended 31 December 2010, there were five customers with revenue of approximately HK\$504,000, HK\$504,000, HK\$492,000, HK\$444,000 and HK\$401,000 respectively which accounted for more than 10% of the total revenue related to trading of computer hardware and software and lottery business segments.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 7. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

|  | 2011     | 2010     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|  |          |          |
| Bank interest income                                     | 2,438    | 216      |
| Net foreign exchange gain                                | 193      | _        |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (Note 38)               | 8,120    | _        |
| Gain arising on change in fair value of financial assets |          |          |
| classified as held for trading                           | 478      | _        |
| Sundry income  | 115      | 118      |
|  |          |          |
|  | 11,344   | 334      |

# 8. FINANCE COSTS

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   |                  |                  |
| Interest on bank overdraft              | 1                | _                |
| Effective interest on convertible bonds | 14,884           | 11,301           |
| Effective interest on promissory note   | 88,913           | 32,548           |
|   |                  |                  |
|   | 103,798          | 43,849           |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 9. **INCOMETAX CREDIT (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS)**

#### Income tax recognised in profit or loss

|  | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Course to the course of the co |                  |                  |
| Current tax: PRC Enterprise Income Tax   | -                | 8                |
| Deferred tax:  |                  |                  |
| Current year   | (3,146)          | (237,441)        |
|  |                  |                  |
| Total income tax recognised in profit or loss  | (3,146)          | (237,433)        |

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profit for both years. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax had been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong for both years.

Under the prevailing tax law in the PRC, the Enterprise Income Tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries other than that stated below, is 25% for both years.

Pursuant to the relevant approval by the tax authority, 深圳環彩普達科技有限公司, an indirect 51% owned subsidiary of the Group, is recognised as a new high-tech enterprise from year 2009, entitled a preferential tax rate of 15% for 2011 (2010: 15%). The Company has since been enjoying the preferential tax rate of 15% for three years effective from 31 December 2009.

The tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000                                      | 2010<br>HK\$'000<br>(Restated)           |
|---|---|--|
| Loss before tax (from continuing operations)  | (642,657)   | (2,820,996)                              |
| Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2010: 16.5%) Tax effect of share of loss of an associate Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Tax effect on different tax rate of group entities operating in other jurisdictions | (106,038)<br>49<br>105,316<br>(2,680)<br>338<br>(131) | (465,464)<br>8<br>227,809<br>(39)<br>287 |
| Income tax credit for the year (relating to continuing operations)  | (3,146)   | (237,433)                                |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 9. INCOMETAX CREDIT (RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS) (Continued)

## Income tax recognised directly in equity

|  | 2011     | 2010     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Deferred tax:                                  |          |          |
| Initial recognition of the equity component of |          |          |
| convertible bonds                              | -        | 72,469   |
| Exercise of convertible bonds                  | (4,252)  | (55,122) |
|  |          |          |
| Total income tax recognised directly in equity | (4,252)  | 17,347   |

# 10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

|   | 2011     | 2010       |
|---|----------|------------|
|   | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000   |
|   |          | (Restated) |
|   |          |            |
| Loss for the year from continuing operations has been         |          |            |
| arrived at after charging:                                    |          |            |
| Cost of inventories recognised as an expense                  |          |            |
| (included in cost of sales)                                   | 1,445    | 2,091      |
| Auditors' remuneration  | 900      | 720        |
|   |          |            |
| Employee benefits expense                                     |          |            |
| (excluding directors' emoluments) (Note (i))                  | 12,209   | 6,260      |
| Directors' emoluments (Note 12)                               | 13,752   | 11,043     |
|   |          |            |
|   | 25,961   | 17,303     |
|   |          |            |
| Minimum lease payments paid under                             |          |            |
| operating leases in respect of:                               |          |            |
| <ul> <li>Land and buildings</li> </ul>                        | 2,186    | 1,091      |
| - Office equipment  | 15       | 14         |
| Net foreign exchange loss                                     | _        | 531        |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment                 | 623      | 331        |
| Amortisation of other intangible assets (Note (ii))           | 21,916   | 23,863     |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note (ii)) | 7        | 10         |
|   |          |            |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 10. LOSS FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Employee benefits expense (excluding directors' emoluments) included equity-settled share-based payments of HK\$1,230,000 (2010: Nil) disclosed above.
- (ii) Amortisation of other intangible assets and loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment are included in other operating expenses.

## 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

In November 2011, the Group has decided to cease its staff secondment business as the Group plans to focus its resources on its core business of lottery business operations and to optimise its assets structure.

|   | 2011     | 2010     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation |          |          |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation |          |          |
| Revenue                                       | -        | 93       |
| Cost of sales                                 | -        | (83)     |
| Administrative expenses                       | (3)      | (85)     |
|   |          |          |
| Loss before tax                               | (3)      | (75)     |
| Attributable income tax                       | -        | _        |
|   |          |          |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation |          |          |
| (attributable to the owners of the Company)   | (3)      | (75)     |
|   |          |          |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation |          |          |
| include the following:                        |          |          |
| Auditors' remuneration                        | -        | 80       |

Note: For the year ended 31 December 2010, cost of sales included HK\$83,000 relating to employee benefits expense.

#### Cash flows from discontinued operation

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Net cash outflows from operating activities | (83)             | (34)             |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the five (2010: seven) directors were as follows:

|   | Fees<br>HK\$'000 | Salaries<br>and other<br>benefits<br>HK\$'000 | Contributions<br>to retirement<br>benefits<br>schemes<br>HK\$'000 | Equity-settled<br>share-<br>based<br>payments<br>HK\$'000 | Discretionary<br>bonuses<br>HK\$'000 | Total<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
|   |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
| Year ended 31 December 2011 Executive directors |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
| Leung Ngai Man                                  |                  | 6,536   | 12  |   | 5,000                                | 11,548            |
| Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield                           | -                | 520   | 12  | -   | 400                                  | 932               |
| Wu Wei Hua                                      | _                | 737   | 12  | _   | 400                                  | 1,149             |
| vvu vvei iiua                                   | _                | 131   | 12  | -   | 400                                  | 1,143             |
| Independent non-executive directors             |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
| Leung Wai Cheung                                | 60               | _   | _   | _   | _                                    | 60                |
| Cai Wei Lun                                     | 63               | _   | _   | _   | _                                    | 63                |
|   |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
|   | 123              | 7,793   | 36  | -   | 5,800                                | 13,752            |
| Year ended 31 December 2010                     |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
| Executive directors                             |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
| Leung Ngai Man                                  | _                | 3,900   | 12  | _   | 5,000                                | 8,912             |
| Ng Kwok Chu, Winfield                           | _                | 520   | 12  | _   | 400                                  | 932               |
| Wu Wei Hua                                      | _                | 727   | 12  | _   | 400                                  | 1,139             |
| vvu vvoi iluu                                   |                  | 121   | 12  |   | 700                                  | 1,100             |
| Independent non-executive directors             |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
| Leung Wai Cheung                                | 60               | _   | _   | _   | _                                    | 60                |
| Cai Wei Lun                                     | -                | _   | _   | _   | _                                    | _                 |
| Gao Shikui (Note (i))                           | _                | _   | _   | _   | _                                    | _                 |
| Wang Jun Sui (Note (ii))                        | _                | _   | _   | _   | _                                    | _                 |
|   |                  |   |   |   |                                      |                   |
|   | 60               | 5,147   | 36  | -   | 5,800                                | 11,043            |

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2010: Nil).

#### Notes:

- (i) Resigned on 31 March 2010
- Appointed on 30 June 2010 and resigned on 28 October 2010 (ii)

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

## Employee benefits expense (excluding directors' emoluments)

|  | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000<br>(Restated) |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|
|  |                  |                                |
| Salaries and other benefits                  | 10,631           | 6,078                          |
| Equity-settled share-based payments          | 1,230            | _                              |
| Contributions to retirement benefits schemes | 348              | 182                            |
|  | 12,209           | 6,260                          |

## Five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2010: three) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosure in note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining two (2010: two) individuals were as follows:

|  | 2011     | 2010     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|  |          |          |
| Salaries and other benefits                  | 3,500    | 2,968    |
| Discretionary bonuses                        | -        | 400      |
| Contributions to retirement benefits schemes | 12       | 13       |
|  |          |          |
|  | 3,512    | 3,381    |

Their emoluments fell within the following bands:

|                               | Number of individuals |   |  |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
|                               | <b>2011</b> 20        |   |  |
|                               |                       |   |  |
| Emolument bands               |                       |   |  |
| Nil – HK\$1,000,000           | -                     | 1 |  |
| HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000 | 1                     | _ |  |
| HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000 | 1                     | 1 |  |

During the year ended 31 December 2011, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals including directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group (2010: HK\$2,500,000 was paid to Mr. David Yeoh) or as compensation for loss of office (2010: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 14. LOSS PER SHARE

### From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   |                  |                  |
| Loss  |                  |                  |
| Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company |                  |                  |
| for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share    | (618,778)        | (1,887,273)      |
| Number of shares  |                  |                  |
|   | 2011             | 2010             |
|   | ′000             | ′000             |
|   |                  |                  |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the      |                  |                  |
| purposes of basic and diluted loss per share            | 1,820,581        | 1,002,778        |

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of calculating basic and diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2011 have been retrospectively adjusted for the effect of the consolidation of shares subsequent to the end of the reporting period as detailed in note 43(a).

The computation of diluted loss per share did not assume the exercise of the Company's potential ordinary shares granted under the Company's share option scheme and convertible bonds since their exercise and conversion would have an anti-dilutive effect.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 14. LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

### For continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Loss figures are calculated as follows:

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company Less: | (618,778)        | (1,887,273)      |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operation                 | 3                | 75               |
| Loss for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share      |                  |                  |
| from continuing operations                                    | (618,775)        | (1,887,198)      |

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

## For discontinued operation

Basic and diluted loss per share for the discontinued operation is HK0.0002 cent per share (2010: HK0.0075 cent per share), based on the loss for the year from the discontinued operation of approximately HK\$3,000 (2010: HK\$75,000) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

#### 15. LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Of the consolidated loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$618,778,000 (2010: HK\$1,887,273,000), a loss of approximately HK\$595,306,000 (2010: HK\$1,488,986,000) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# Group

| ,                                      | Furniture,<br>fixtures and<br>fittings<br>HK\$'000 | Computer<br>and office<br>equipment<br>HK\$'000 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>HK\$'000 | Total<br>HK\$′000 |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Cost                                   |  |   |                               |                   |
| Balance at 1 January 2010              | 131  | 485   | 309                           | 925               |
| Additions                              | 292  | 139   | 419                           | 850               |
| Disposals                              |  | (240)   | _                             | (240)             |
| Acquisition through business           |  | , ,   |                               | , ,               |
| combination (Note 37(b))               | 195  | 1,283   | _                             | 1,478             |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange    |  | ·   |                               | •                 |
| differences                            | 10   | 39  | _                             | 49                |
| Balance at 31 December 2010            | 628  | 1,706   | 728                           | 3,062             |
| Additions                              | 57   | 690   | _                             | 747               |
| Disposals                              | (3)  | (35)  | _                             | (38)              |
| Derecognised on disposal of subsidiar  | ries (10)  | _   | _                             | (10)              |
| Acquisition through business           |  |   |                               |                   |
| combination (Note 37(a))               | _  | 6   | _                             | 6                 |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange    |  |   |                               |                   |
| differences                            | 18   | 52  | _                             | 70                |
| Balance at 31 December 2011            | 690  | 2,419   | 728                           | 3,837             |
| Accumulated depreciation               |  |   |                               |                   |
| and impairment                         |  |   |                               |                   |
| Balance at 1 January 2010              | (57)   | (442)   | (149)                         | (648)             |
| Eliminated on disposals of assets      | _  | 32  | _                             | 32                |
| Depreciation expense                   | (30)   | (155)   | (146)                         | (331)             |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange    | (4)  | (4)   |                               | (0)               |
| differences                            | (1)  | (1)   | _                             | (2)               |
| Balance at 31 December 2010            | (88)   | (566)   | (295)                         | (949)             |
| Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries | 9  | _   | _                             | 9                 |
| Eliminated on disposals of assets      | 1  | 30  | _                             | 31                |
| Depreciation expense                   | (56)   | (421)   | (146)                         | (623)             |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange    |  |   |                               |                   |
| differences                            | 1  | (9)   | _                             | (8)               |
| Balance at 31 December 2011            | (133)  | (966)   | (441)                         | (1,540)           |
| Carrying amounts                       |  |   |                               |                   |
| Balance at 31 December 2011            | 557  | 1,453   | 287                           | 2,297             |
| Balance at 31 December 2010            | 540  | 1,140   | 433                           | 2,113             |
| Datance at 31 December 2010            | J4U  | 1,140   | 433                           | ۷,۱۱۵             |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

# Company

|   | Motor vehicle |
|---|---------------|
|   | HK\$'000      |
|   |               |
| Cost                                      |               |
| Balance at 1 January 2010,                |               |
| 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2011     | 309           |
| Accompleted demonstration and improvement |               |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment   | (150)         |
| Balance at 1 January 2010                 | (150)         |
| Depreciation expense                      | (62)          |
| Balance at 31 December 2010               | (212)         |
| Depreciation expense                      | (61)          |
| Balance at 31 December 2011               | (273)         |
| Carrying amounts                          |               |
| Balance at 31 December 2011               | 36            |
|   |               |
| Balance at 31 December 2010               | 97            |

# 17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

# Company

|                              | 2011        | 2010        |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                              | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000    |
|                              |             |             |
| Unlisted shares, at cost     | -           | _           |
| Capital contributions        | 2,661,276   | 2,661,276   |
| Impairment losses recognised | (2,105,000) | (1,677,000) |
|                              |             |             |
|                              | 556,276     | 984,276     |

The amounts due from/(to) subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2011 are as follows:

| Name of  | Place of incorporation/ registration/ | Particulars of issued<br>and fully paid<br>share capital/ | interest h | ownership<br>eld by the<br>ipany |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| subsidiary   | operations                            | registered capital  | Directly   | Indirectly                       | Principal activities   |
| E-silkroad.net Corporation                                 | British Virgin<br>Islands ("BVI")     | 1 ordinary share of US\$1                                 | 100%       | -                                | Investment holding   |
| Greatest High Holdings<br>Limited                          | BVI                                   | 1 ordinary share of US\$1                                 | 100%       | -                                | Investment holding   |
| China Nonferrous Metals<br>Resources Investment<br>Limited | BVI                                   | 1 ordinary share of US\$1                                 | -          | 100%                             | Investment holding   |
| Easywin International<br>Holdings Limited                  | BVI                                   | 1 ordinary share of US\$1                                 | 100%       | -                                | Investment holding   |
| Pearl Sharp Limited  | BVI                                   | 1 ordinary share of US\$1                                 | -          | 100%                             | Investment holding   |
| E-silkroad.net Online<br>Exhibition Limited                | Hong Kong                             | 10,000 ordinary shares of<br>HK\$1 each                   | -          | 100%                             | Development of e-commerce<br>business, provision of web<br>page design and website<br>maintenance services   |
| Leland Solutions Limited                                   | Hong Kong                             | 100,000 ordinary shares<br>of HK\$1 each                  | -          | 100%                             | Provision of web page<br>design services, website<br>maintenance, staff<br>secondment, system<br>integration and<br>information technology<br>consultancy services |
| China Mining Group<br>Investment Limited                   | Hong Kong                             | 1 ordinary share of HK\$1                                 | -          | 100%                             | Investment holding   |
| Greatest Profit Investment<br>Limited                      | Hong Kong                             | 1 ordinary share of HK\$1                                 | -          | 100%                             | Investment holding   |
| Media Hong Kong<br>Investment Limited                      | Hong Kong                             | 1 ordinary share of HK\$1                                 | 100%       | -                                | Investment holding   |
| Max Choice Holdings<br>Limited                             | Hong Kong                             | 1 ordinary share of HK\$1                                 | 100%       | -                                | Investment holding   |
| Multi Joy Corporation<br>Limited                           | Hong Kong                             | 1 ordinary share of HK\$1                                 | 100%       | -                                | Investment holding   |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 17. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

| Place of Particulars of issued Proportion ownership incorporation/ and fully paid interest held by the Name of registration/ share capital/ Company |            | neld by the                            |          |            |   |
|---|------------|--|----------|------------|---|
| subsidiary  | operations | registered capital                     | Directly | Indirectly | Principal activities  |
| 雲南西部礦業有限公司<br>("Yunnan Western")  | PRC*       | US\$3,330,000<br>(2010: US\$3,185,405) | -        | 80%        | Exploration of mines  |
| 大連兆忠科技有限公司<br>("Dalian Merit Billion")  | PRC**      | RMB1,800,000<br>(2010: RMB500,000)     | -        | 100%       | Trading of computer hardware and software   |
| 深圳環彩普達科技有限公司<br>("Shenzhen Huancai")  | PRC***     | RMB40,810,000                          | -        | 51%        | Development of computer<br>software, hardware and<br>application system,<br>sale of self-developed<br>technology or results<br>and provision of relevant<br>technical consultancy<br>services |
| 北京彩贏樂科技有限公司<br>("Beijing Caiyingle")  | PRC****    | RMB8,049,312                           | -        | 65%        | Provision of technology<br>development, logistic services<br>and distribution management<br>services for lottery<br>sales system  |

Yunnan Western is a sino-foreign equity joint venture established in the PRC.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

Dalian Merit Billion is a wholly-foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC.

Shenzhen Huancai is a sino-foreign equity joint venture established in the PRC.

Beijing Caiyingle is a sino-foreign equity joint venture established in the PRC.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 18. GOODWILL

## Group

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   |                  |                  |
| Cost  |                  |                  |
| Balance at beginning of year                            | 1,616,525        | 1,129,598        |
| Additional amounts recognised from business combination |                  |                  |
| occurring during the year (Note 37)                     | 9,288            | 432,378          |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences         | 44,944           | 54,549           |
|   |                  |                  |
| Balance at end of year                                  | 1,670,757        | 1,616,525        |
|   |                  |                  |
| Accumulated impairment losses                           |                  |                  |
| Balance at beginning of year                            | (1,214,509)      | (127,400)        |
| Impairment loss recognised in the year                  | (391,981)        | (1,082,300)      |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences         | (29,858)         | (4,809)          |
|   |                  |                  |
| Balance at end of year                                  | (1,636,348)      | (1,214,509)      |
|   |                  |                  |
| Carrying amounts  |                  |                  |
| Balance at 31 December                                  | 34,409           | 402,016          |

# 19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing purposes to the following groups of CGUs:

- Exploration of mines
- Lottery business

The carrying amounts of goodwill were allocated to the CGUs as follows:

|                      | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                      |                  |                  |
| Exploration of mines | _                | 366,025          |
| Lottery business     | 34,409           | 35,991           |
|                      |                  |                  |
|                      | 34,409           | 402,016          |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL (Continued)

The basis of the recoverable amounts of the above CGUs and their major underlying assumptions are summarised below:

### **Exploration of mines**

The goodwill arose from the acquisition of 100% equity interest of China Nonferrous Metals Resources Investment Limited ("China Nonferrous Metals") in 2008 has been allocated to the CGU of exploration of mines for impairment testing purposes. China Nonferrous Metals through its subsidiary, Yunnan Western is principally involved in the exploration of mines.

Based on the exploration study results of a geological exploration survey commissioned by the Group, the directors of the Company considered the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets and the goodwill allocated to the operation is unlikely to be recovered in full from further development.

The recoverable amount of the exploration of mines' CGU is determined based on a value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial forecasts approved by the directors of the Company covering the remaining term of the exploration permit. By using this method, the expected cash flows on the mine operation are set out and brought to a present value by use of present value factors at the discount rate of 24% (2010: 34.30%). In performing the impairment testing, the directors of the Company have made reference to a valuation performed by an independent valuer.

The directors are of the opinion that based on value in use calculation, goodwill associated with the exploration of mines' CGU was fully impaired as at 31 December 2011 and recognised an impairment loss of HK\$379,581,000 for the year then ended (2010: Nil). The directors of the Company are also of the opinion that based on value in use calculation of the exploration of mines' CGU, the exploration and evaluation assets was fully impaired compared with their recoverable amount as at 31 December 2011. Impairment loss of HK\$24,187,000 was recognised for the exploration and evaluation assets during the year (2010: Nil) (Note 20).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL (Continued)

### Lottery business

On 13 May 2010, Easywin International Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into an acquisition agreement to acquire the entire issued capital of Pearl Sharp Limited as detailed in note 37(b). The related goodwill arising from the aforesaid transaction amounted to approximately HK\$432,378,000.

On 25 October 2010, 中國福利彩票發行管理中心 ("China Welfare Lottery Issuing Management Centre", being its unofficial English name) issued a circular enclosing two regulations, namely 《電話銷售 彩票管理暫行辦法》(the "Mobile Regulation") and《互聯網銷售彩票管理暫行辦法》(the "Internet Regulation"), both issued by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC. According to the Mobile Regulation and the Internet Regulation, lottery sales through mobile phone and internet are forbidden unless approved by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC. Lottery issuing centre can only cooperate with entities which have, among others, the relevant value-added tele-communication operation permit (增值電信業務經營許可證) or internet information services operation permit (互聯網信息服務經營許可 證) (together, the "Permits"), as appropriate. The two regulations were effective since 26 September 2010 and the Company sought legal advice from its PRC legal advisors on the implications of the two regulations on its business and obtained a legal opinion (the "PRC Legal Opinion") from its PRC legal advisors that prior to Shenzhen Huancai, an indirect 51% owned subsidiary of Pearl Sharp Limited, or its subsidiary ("Shenzhen Subsidiary") obtaining the Permits, Shenzhen Subsidiary could not perform its obligations under the Three Agreements (as defined below).

The business regulated by the Mobile Regulation and the Internet Regulation are the business covered in three of the seven cooperation agreements (the "Three Agreements") that Shenzhen Subsidiary entered into with several lottery issuing centres. The Three Agreements were (i) the supplemental agreement entered into with 重慶市福利彩票發行中心 (Chongqing Welfare Lottery Issuing Centre, being its unofficial English name) on 8 July 2009 (the "Chongging Agreement"); (ii) the agreement entered into with 天津市福利彩票發行中心 (Tianjin Welfare Lottery Issuing Centre, being its unofficial English name) on 7 May 2010 (the "Tianjin Agreement"); and (iii) the agreement entered into with 河南省福利彩票發行心 (Henan Welfare Lottery Issuing Centre, being its unofficial English name) on 28 November 2007 (the "Henan Agreement").

Pursuant to the Chongging Agreement, Shenzhen Subsidiary would provide software system and technical service for Chongging welfare lottery sales through mobile phone project. Pursuant to the Tianjin Agreement, the Shenzhen Subsidiary would provide software system and technical service for Tianjin welfare lottery sales through mobile phone project. Pursuant to the Henan Agreement, the Shenzhen Subsidiary would provide software system and technical service for Henan welfare lottery sales through mobile phone and internet project. The lottery sales systems under the Three Agreements were at trial stage and commercial operations under the Three Agreements had not yet commenced.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 19. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL (Continued)

### Lottery business (Continued)

According to the PRC Legal Opinion, the requirement of obtaining the Permits under the Mobile Regulation and the Internet Regulation were force majeure events under the Three Agreements and no compensation was required to be paid by Shenzhen Subsidiary. It was provided in the Chongqing Agreement that, under such circumstances, parties thereto could enter into supplementary agreement(s); in the Tianjin Agreement that parties thereto could amend or terminate the agreement; and in the Henan Agreement that parties thereto could terminate the agreement. The Three Agreements had not been voided or terminated but it might be terminated or amended pursuant to the provisions of the respective terms under the Three Agreements if the Permits could not be obtained.

As far as the directors were aware, prior to 26 September 2010, being the effective date of the Mobile Regulation and the Internet Regulation, there were no specific requirements for conducting the lottery sales business through mobile phone or internet, accordingly the Shenzhen Subsidiary did not possess the Permits.

The directors of the Company consider cash flow projections which were prepared based on financial budgets. In view of the Shenzhen Subsidiary's inability, in the interim period prior to its obtaining of the Permits, to perform its obligations under the Three Agreements, the recoverable amount allocated to the CGU of the lottery business at 31 December 2010 had been reassessed and an impairment loss of goodwill of approximately HK\$408,300,000 was charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the year ended 31 December 2010.

The directors reassess the impairment testing of goodwill at the end of each reporting period. During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group recognised an impairment loss of HK\$12,400,000 in relation to goodwill allocated to the CGU associated with the lottery business.

The recoverable amount of the lottery business's CGU is determined based on value in use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering periods ranged from two to seven years (2010: three to eight years) in accordance with the terms of cooperation agreements. The cash flow projections have been extrapolated using a steady 24.66% (2010: 27.48%) per annum growth rate and a discount rate of 22.71% (2010: 19.46%) per annum. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the discount rate, growth in revenue and direct costs during the periods. The management estimates discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the CGU. In performing the impairment testing, the directors of the Company have made reference to a valuation performed by an independent valuer.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 20. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

# Group

| Cost Balance at 1 January 2010 22,158 Additions 41 Acquisition through business combination — Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 837  Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036 Additions 612 Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment Balance at 1 January 2010 — Amortisation expense — Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss — Effect of foreign currency   | (Note (b)) 2,306,800 | 22,158<br>41     |
|---|----------------------|------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2010 Additions Acquisition through business combination -Effect of foreign currency exchange differences  Balance at 31 December 2010 Additions Effect of foreign currency exchange differences  Balance at 31 December 2010  Additions Effect of foreign currency exchange differences  Balance at 31 December 2011  Accumulated amortisation and impairment Balance at 1 January 2010  Amortisation expense Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss  -  22,158 41  22,158  41  23,036  -  837 | -<br>-<br>2,306,800  |                  |
| Additions 41  Acquisition through business combination —  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 837  Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036  Additions 612  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment Balance at 1 January 2010 —  Amortisation expense —  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss —  | 2,306,800            |                  |
| Acquisition through business combination —  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 837  Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036 Additions 612  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 —  Amortisation expense —  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss —  | 2,306,800            | 41               |
| combination —  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 837  Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036  Additions 612  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 —  Amortisation expense —  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss —  | 2,306,800            |                  |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 837  Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036 Additions 612 Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment Balance at 1 January 2010 - Amortisation expense - Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  | 2,300,000            | 2,306,800        |
| exchange differences 837  Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036 Additions 612  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 -  Amortisation expense - Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  |                      | 2,300,000        |
| Additions 612  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 -  Amortisation expense -  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  | 70,760               | 71,597           |
| Additions 612  Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 -  Amortisation expense -  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  | 2 277 500            | 2 400 500        |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment Balance at 1 January 2010 - Amortisation expense - Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  | 2,377,560            | 2,400,596<br>612 |
| exchange differences 861  Balance at 31 December 2011 24,509  Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 -  Amortisation expense -  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  | _                    | 012              |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment  Balance at 1 January 2010 –  Amortisation expense –  Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss –  | 88,052               | 88,913           |
| Balance at 1 January 2010 – Amortisation expense – Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss –   | 2,465,612            | 2,490,121        |
| Balance at 1 January 2010 – Amortisation expense – Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss –   |                      |                  |
| Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss -  | _                    | _                |
| in profit or loss –   | (23,863)             | (23,863)         |
| •   |                      |                  |
| Effect of foreign currency  | (1,629,552)          | (1,629,552)      |
|   |                      |                  |
| exchange differences –  | (284)                | (284)            |
| Balance at 31 December 2010 -   | (1,653,699)          | (1,653,699)      |
| Amortisation expense –  | (21,916)             | (21,916)         |
| Impairment loss recognised  |                      |                  |
| in profit or loss (24,187)  | _                    | (24,187)         |
| Effect of foreign currency  |                      |                  |
| exchange differences (322)  | (61,535)             | (61,857)         |
| Balance at 31 December 2011 (24,509)  | (1,737,150)          | (1,761,659)      |
| Carrying amounts Balance at 31 December 2011 -  | 728,462              | 728,462          |
| Balance at 31 December 2010 23,036  | 723,861              | 746,897          |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 20. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

#### Group (Continued)

Notes:

(a) The exploration and evaluation assets acquired in the Mine Acquisition during the year ended 31 December 2008 include topographical and geological survey drilling, exploratory drillings, sampling and trenching and expenditure incurred for the technical feasibility studies and incurred to secure further mineralisation in the mine ore after Yunnan Xibu Mining Company Limited obtained the exploration and evaluation rights of the exploration area.

The exploration and evaluation assets acquired were measured under the cost model after the initial recognition. At the end of each reporting period, the exploration and evaluation assets are measured using the cost model subject to impairment.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets of the Group was written down by approximately HK\$24,187,000 (2010: Nil) (note 19).

(b) The amount of concession rights represents the fair value of contractual rights stated in the cooperation agreements that Shenzhen Subsidiary entered into with several lottery issuing centres for providing software system and technical service upon the acquisition of Pearl Sharp Limited as detailed in note 37(b). The fair value of the concession rights was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by an independent professional qualified valuer not connected with the Group. The valuation was determined by reference to discounted cash flow projections. At the end of each reporting period, the concession rights is measured using the cost model subject to impairment.

The amount of concession rights is amortised on a straight-line method over the period over three to eight years in accordance with the terms of the cooperation agreements.

As at 31 December 2011, the recoverable amount of the concession rights was assessed by the directors with reference to the professional valuation as at 31 December 2011 performed by an independent valuer (note 19). The directors of the Company are of the opinion that based on the assessment, the concession rights was not impaired compared with its carrying amount as at 31 December 2011 (2010: impairment loss of approximately HK\$1,629,552,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 21. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

# Group

Details of the Group's interest in an associate are as follows:

|  | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Unlisted investment at cost  | 382              | 382              |
| Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive income, net of dividends received | (328)            | (39)             |
|  | 54               | 343              |

As at 31 December 2011, the Group had interest in the following associate:

| Name of entity | Place of registration/operations | Particulars of issued and fully paid registered capital | Percentage of<br>ownership interest<br>attributable<br>to the Group | Principal activities   |
|----------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 安徽環彩信息科技有限公司   | PRC                              | RMB1,000,000  | 40%   | Development of computer software, hardware and application system, sale of self-developed technology or results and provision of relevant technical consultancy services |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 21. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

#### Group (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate is set out below:

|  | 2011<br>HK\$′000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
|  |                  |                  |
| Total assets                                   | 141              | 895              |
| Total liabilities                              | (6)              | (37)             |
|  |                  |                  |
| Net assets                                     | 135              | 858              |
|  |                  |                  |
| Group's share of net assets of an associate    | 54               | 343              |
|  |                  |                  |
| Total revenue                                  | 37               | 38               |
|  |                  |                  |
| Total loss for the year/period                 | (745)            | (125)            |
|  |                  |                  |
| Group's share of loss of an associate          | (298)            | (50)             |
|  |                  |                  |
| Group's share of other comprehensive income of |                  |                  |
| an associate                                   | 9                | 11               |

## 22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT

# Group

Available-for-sale investment comprises:

|                            | 2011     | 2010     |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|
|                            | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|                            |          |          |
| Unlisted equity investment | 118      | 118      |

The above unlisted equity investment represents equity investment in a private entity established in the PRC.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 22. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENT (Continued)

### Group (Continued)

The investment is measured at cost less impairment at the end of each reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that its fair value cannot be measured reliably.

## 23. INVENTORIES

## Group

|                   | 2011     | 2010     |
|-------------------|----------|----------|
|                   | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|                   |          |          |
| Computer software | 488      | _        |

# 24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

|   | Group            |                  | Com              | pany             |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|   | ΤΙΚΨ 000         | ΤΙΚΦ ΟΟΟ         | ΤΙΚΨ 000         | 111(ψ 000        |
| Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits and | 27               | _                | -                | _                |
| other receivables                           | 13,750           | 1,672            | 3                | 25               |
|   | 13,777           | 1,672            | 3                | 25               |

## Group

The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days (2010: 45 days) to its trade customers. The following is an ageing analysis of net trade receivables at the end of the reporting period:

|               | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|
|               |                  |                  |
| 0 – 30 days   | 3                | _                |
| 31 - 60 days  | 2                | _                |
| 61 – 90 days  | -                | _                |
| 91 - 120 days | 1                | _                |
| Over 120 days | 21               | _                |
|               |                  |                  |
|               | 27               | _                |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

### Group (Continued)

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts (see below for aged analysis) which are past due at the end of the reporting period for which the Group has not recognised an allowance for doubtful debts because there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances nor does it have a legal right of offset against any amounts owed by the Group to the counterparty.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables that are not impaired is as follows:

|                               | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                               |                  |                  |
| Neither past due nor impaired | 3                | _                |
| Past due but not impaired     |                  |                  |
| - overdue by 1 - 30 days      | 2                | _                |
| - overdue by 31 - 60 days     | -                | _                |
| – overdue by 61 – 90 days     | 1                | _                |
| – overdue by over 90 days     | 21               | _                |
|                               |                  |                  |
|                               | 27               | _                |

Included in the balance of prepayments, deposits and other receivables of the Group at 31 December 2011 was deposit of approximately HK\$8,702,000 in relation to the acquisition of the additional 49% equity interest in Shenzhen Huancai (Note 43(c)).

# 25. AMOUNT DUE FROM A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST OF A **SUBSIDIARY**

The amount due is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 26. CASH AND BANK BALANCES/PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT

|                                | Group     |          | Company  |          |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
|                                | 2011      | 2010     | 2011     | 2010     |
|                                | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|                                |           |          |          |          |
| Cash at banks and in hand      | 161,665   | 348,382  | 28,844   | 277,239  |
| Less: Pledged bank deposit     | (210)     | (210)    | -        | _        |
|                                |           |          |          |          |
| Cash and bank balances         | 161,455   | 348,172  | 28,844   | 277,239  |
| Less: Short-term bank deposits |           |          |          |          |
| with maturity more than        |           |          |          |          |
| three months                   | (124,948) | (12,056) | -        | _        |
|                                |           |          |          |          |
| Cash and cash equivalents      | 36,507    | 336,116  | 28,844   | 277,239  |

Pledged bank deposit represents deposit pledged to bank for obtaining the corporate card services.

Bank balances carry interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The pledged bank deposit carries fixed interest rate of 0.82% (2010: 1%) per annum.

Included in cash at banks and in hand of the Group is approximately HK\$4,757,000 (2010: HK\$2,746,000) of bank balances denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") placed with banks in the PRC. RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

## 27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

|                             | Group    |          | Com      | pany     |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|                             | 2011     | 2010     | 2011     | 2010     |
|                             | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|                             |          |          |          |          |
| Trade payables              | 11       | 5        | -        | _        |
| Other payables and accruals | 14,875   | 13,023   | 2,109    | 1,077    |
|                             |          |          |          |          |
|                             | 14,886   | 13,028   | 2,109    | 1,077    |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 27. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

#### Group

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period:

|              | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
|              |                  |                  |
| 0 - 60 days  | 5                | 2                |
| 61 - 90 days | 1                | 1                |
| Over 90 days | 5                | 2                |
|              |                  |                  |
|              | 11               | 5                |

# 28. AMOUNT DUE TO A NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST OF A SUBSIDIARY

The amount due is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 29. CONVERTIBLE BONDS - GROUP AND COMPANY

On 27 August 2010, the Company issued approximately 3,322,900,000 zero coupon HK dollar denominated convertible bonds at a total principal amount of HK\$797.5 million to the vendor as part of the purchase consideration for the acquisition of the entire equity interests in Pearl Sharp Limited as detailed in note 37(b). The convertible bonds have a maturity period of 5 years from the issue date and can be convertible into ordinary share of the Company at HK\$0.001 each for every HK0.24 convertible bonds at the holder's option. Conversion may occur at any time between 27 August 2010 and 26 August 2015.

The convertible bonds contain two components: liability and equity elements. The equity element amounted to HK\$439,210,000 is presented in equity as part of the "convertible bonds equity reserve". The effective interest rate of the liability component for the convertible bonds on initial recognition is 17.35% per annum.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, convertible bonds with aggregate principal amount of HK\$46,800,000 (2010: HK\$606,600,000) were converted into ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each of the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.24 per share. Accordingly a total of 195,000,000 (2010: 2,527,500,000) ordinary shares were issued.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 29. CONVERTIBLE BONDS - GROUP AND COMPANY (Continued)

The movement of the liability component of the convertible bonds for the year is set out below:

|   | HK\$'000  |
|---|-----------|
|   |           |
| At 1 January 2010   | _         |
| Issued during the year  | 358,290   |
| Interest charged calculated at an effective interest rate of 17.35% | 11,301    |
| Arising from exercise of convertible bonds                          | (278,647) |
|   |           |
| At 31 December 2010 and 1 January 2011                              | 90,944    |
| Interest charged calculated at an effective interest rate of 17.35% | 14,884    |
| Arising from exercise of convertible bonds                          | (25,945)  |
|   |           |
| At 31 December 2011   | 79,883    |

### 30. PROMISSORY NOTE - GROUP AND COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2010, the Company issued a promissory note with a principal amount of HK\$1,200,000,000 to the vendor as part of the purchase consideration for the acquisition of the entire equity interests in Pearl Sharp Limited as detailed in note 37(b).

Under the terms of the promissory note, the promissory note with principal amount of HK\$1,200,000,000 is unsecured, interest bearing at 0.15% per annum and has a maturity period 5 years from the date of issue but can be repaid in whole or in part before maturity at the discretion of the Company at its principal amount and accrued interest up to the redemption date. The promissory note was fair valued at initial recognition with an effective interest rate of 17.35% per annum.

During the year ended 31 December 2011, the Company early redeemed part of the promissory note with total principal amounts of approximately HK\$140,000,000 (2010: HK\$29,000,000) and incurred an early redemption loss of approximately HK\$70,497,000 (2010: HK\$11,520,000).

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 31. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

## Group

|  | Concession | Convertible | Total     |  |
|--|------------|-------------|-----------|--|
|  | rights     | bonds       |           |  |
|  | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000  |  |
| At 1 January 2010                        | _          | _           | _         |  |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 37(b)) | 346,020    | _           | 346,020   |  |
| Recognised directly in equity            | _          | 72,469      | 72,469    |  |
| Credit to profit or loss                 | (237,441)  | _           | (237,441) |  |
| Credit directly to equity                |            | (55,122)    | (55,122)  |  |
| At 31 December 2010 and 1 January 2011   | 108,579    | 17,347      | 125,926   |  |
| Credit to profit or loss                 | (690)      | (2,456)     | (3,146)   |  |
| Credit directly to equity                | _          | (4,252)     | (4,252)   |  |
| At 31 December 2011                      | 107,889    | 10,639      | 118,528   |  |

Under the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to the profits earned by the PRC subsidiaries amounting to nil (2010: HK\$66,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$55,989,000 (2010: HK\$40,009,000) arising from subsidiaries operating outside Hong Kong which is available for setting off against future taxable profit of that subsidiary for five years and estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$53,062,000 (2010: HK\$53,062,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the estimated unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

# 31. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

## Company

|  | Convertible bonds |
|--|-------------------|
|  | HK\$'000          |
| A. 4. I                                |                   |
| At 1 January 2010                      | _                 |
| Recognised directly in equity          | 72,469            |
| Credit directly to equity              | (55,122)          |
| At 31 December 2010 and 1 January 2011 | 17,347            |
| Credit to profit and loss              | (2,456)           |
| Credit directly to equity              | (4,252)           |
| At 31 December 2011                    | 10,639            |

## 32. SHARE CAPITAL

The share capital of the Company consists only of ordinary shares. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and the repayment of capital.

|  | Number      |               |
|--|-------------|---------------|
|  | of shares   | Share capital |
|  | ′000        | HK\$'000      |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each:           |             |               |
| Authorised:                                  |             |               |
| Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each            |             |               |
| At 31 December 2010 and 2011                 | 100,000,000 | 100,000       |
| Issued and fully paid:                       |             |               |
| At 1 January 2010                            | 3,625,855   | 3,626         |
| Exercise of share options (Note (i))         | 142,110     | 142           |
| Exercise of convertible bonds (Note (ii))    | 2,527,500   | 2,527         |
| Issue of new ordinary shares (Note (iii))    | 2,563,710   | 2,564         |
| Issuance of Consideration Shares (Note (iv)) | 200,000     | 200           |
| At 31 December 2010 and 1 January 2011       | 9,059,175   | 9,059         |
| Exercise of share options (Note (i))         | 17,000      | 17            |
| Exercise of convertible bonds (Note (ii))    | 195,000     | 195           |
| At 31 December 2011                          | 9,271,175   | 9,271         |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 32. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes:

#### (i) Exercise of share options

Share options were exercised by option holders during the year ended 31 December 2011 to subscribe for a total of 17,000,000 (2010: 142,110,000) shares of HK\$0.001 each by payment of subscription monies of approximately HK\$2,591,000 (2010: HK\$17,569,000), of which approximately HK\$17,000 (2010: HK\$142,000) was credited to share capital and the balance of approximately HK\$2,574,000 (2010: HK\$17,427,000) was credited to the share premium account.

#### (ii) Exercise of convertible bonds

During the year ended 31 December 2011, 195,000,000 (2010: 2,527,500,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each were issued pursuant to the exercise of the conversion rights attaching to the Company's convertible bonds at a conversion price of HK\$0.24 per share as detailed in note 29.

#### (iii) Issue of new ordinary shares

On 15 March 2010, the Company entered into a placing agreement with Cinda International Capital Limited in relation to the placing of 559,200,000 new ordinary shares of the Company to placees at HK\$0.105 per placing share. Completion of such placing took place on 25 March 2010, pursuant to which the Company allotted and issued 559,200,000 new shares to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.105 per placing share. The net proceeds from the placing were approximately HK\$58 million.

On 25 August 2010, Mr. Leung Ngai Man ("Mr. Leung"), the chairman and an executive Director entered into a placing agreement with Samsung Securities (Asia) Limited and the Company. Pursuant to such placing agreement, Mr. Leung agreed to place, through the placing agent, 588,405,000 existing shares of the Company at the placing price of HK\$0.143 per placing share to not less than six placees which are independent investors. Pursuant to the subscription agreement entered into between the Company and Mr. Leung on the even date, Mr. Leung conditionally agreed to subscribe for 588,405,000 subscription shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.143 per subscription share. Completion of the placing and the subscription took place on 30 August 2010 and 3 September 2010 respectively in accordance with the terms and conditions of the placing agreement and the subscription agreement. The net proceeds from the subscription were approximately HK\$82 million.

On 7 December 2010, a placing and subscription agreement was entered into among Mr. Leung, the Company and Daiwa Capital Markets Hong Kong Limited, pursuant to which the placing agent had agreed to place up to 1,416,114,049 placing shares held by Mr. Leung to independent third parties who are not connected persons of the Company or Mr. Leung at HK\$0.20 per placing share. Pursuant to such placing and subscription agreement, the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue the subscription shares (the number of which should be equivalent to the placing shares actually sold by Mr. Leung under the placing) at HK\$0.20 per subscription share. Completion of the placing and the subscription took place on 9 December 2010 and 14 December 2010 respectively, pursuant to which the Company allotted and issued 1,416,105,000 existing shares to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.20 per placing share. The net proceeds from the subscription were approximately HK\$276 million.

#### (iv) Issuance of Consideration Shares

On 27 August 2010, 200,000,000 shares of HK\$0.001 each ("Consideration Shares") were issued to Mr. Leung, as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Pearl Sharp Limited as detailed in note 37(b). The 200,000,000 Consideration Shares were recorded at HK\$0.168 each, being the published share price available at the date of completion of the acquisition. The 200,000,000 Consideration Shares of HK\$0.001 each rank pari passu in all respects with the existing issued shares of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 33. RESERVES

#### Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 36 and 37 of the consolidated financial statements.

The capital redemption reserve of the Group represents the nominal value of the share capital of the Company repurchased and cancelled.

Other reserve represents the difference between the consideration paid for the additional interest in the subsidiary and the non-controlling interest's share of the assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position at the date of the acquisition of the non-controlling interests.

## Company

|  |            |             | Convertible |          |             |             |
|--|------------|-------------|-------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
|  | Share      | Capital     | bonds       | Share    |             |             |
|  | premium    | redemption  | equity      | options  | Accumulated |             |
|  | account    | reserve     | reserve     | reserve  | losses      | Total       |
|  | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000    |
|  | (Note (i)) | (Note (ii)) | ,           | ,        | , , , ,     |             |
| Balance at 1 January 2010                | 1,475,357  | 1           | _           | 18,486   | (465,533)   | 1,028,311   |
| Loss for the year                        | _          | _           | _           | _        | (1,488,986) | (1,488,986) |
| ·  |            |             |             |          | ·           |             |
| Total comprehensive expense for the year |            | _           | _           |          | (1,488,986) | (1,488,986) |
| Recognition of equity-settled            |            |             |             |          |             |             |
| share-based payments                     | _          | _           | _           | 720      | _           | 720         |
| Issue of new ordinary shares             | 423,515    | _           | _           | _        | _           | 423,515     |
| Transaction costs attributable           |            |             |             |          |             |             |
| to issue of new ordinary shares          | (10,128)   | _           | _           | _        | _           | (10,128)    |
| Issuance of Consideration Shares         | 33,400     | _           | _           | _        | _           | 33,400      |
| Issue of ordinary shares under           |            |             |             |          |             |             |
| share option scheme                      | 21,379     | _           | _           | (3,952)  | _           | 17,427      |
| Lapse of share options                   | _          | _           | _           | (1,118)  | 1,118       | _           |
| Recognition of the equity                |            |             |             |          |             |             |
| component of convertible bonds           | -          | _           | 439,210     | _        | _           | 439,210     |
| Deferred tax relating to                 |            |             |             |          |             |             |
| convertible bonds                        | _          | -           | (17,347)    | -        | _           | (17,347)    |
| Exercise of convertible bonds            | 610,195    | _           | (334,075)   | _        | _           | 276,120     |
| Balance at 31 December 2010              | 2,553,718  | 1           | 87,788      | 14,136   | (1,953,401) | 702,242     |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

## 33. RESERVES (Continued)

## Company (Continued)

|   |                                   |                                    | Convertible         |                     |                    |                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|   | Share                             | Capital redemption                 | bonds<br>equity     | Share               | Accumulated        |                   |
|   | account<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note (i)) | reserve<br>HK\$'000<br>(Note (ii)) | reserve<br>HK\$'000 | reserve<br>HK\$'000 | losses<br>HK\$'000 | Total<br>HK\$'000 |
| Balance at 1 January 2011   | 2,553,718                         | 1                                  | 87,788              | 14,136              | (1,953,401)        | 702,242           |
| Loss for the year   | _                                 | -                                  | _                   | -                   | (595,306)          | (595,306)         |
| Total comprehensive expense for the year  | _                                 | -                                  | -                   | _                   | (595,306)          | (595,306)         |
| Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments                                | -                                 | _                                  | -                   | 1,230               | _                  | 1,230             |
| Issue of ordinary shares under<br>share option scheme<br>Deferred tax relating to | 3,369                             | -                                  | -                   | (795)               | -                  | 2,574             |
| convertible bonds  Exercise of convertible bonds                                  | -<br>51,523                       | -                                  | 4,252<br>(25,773)   | -                   | -                  | 4,252<br>25,750   |
| Balance at 31 December 2011   | 2,608,610                         | 1                                  | 66,267              | 14,571              | (2,548,707)        | 140,742           |

#### Notes:

- (i) The share premium account of the Group and Company arises on shares issued at a premium. In accordance with the Companies Law, Cap. 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium account may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.
- (ii) The capital redemption reserve of the Company represents the nominal value of the share capital of the Company repurchased and cancelled.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted on 29 June 2007 for employee compensation.

The directors may at their absolute discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants ("Eligible Participants") to take up options to subscribe for shares:

- any employee (whether full time or part time, including any director) of the Company, any
  of its subsidiaries or any entity ("Invested Entity") in which any member of the Group holds
  an equity interest (the persons are collectively referred to as "Eligible Employees");
- any directors (including non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) of the Company, any subsidiary or any Invested Entity;
- any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- any adviser (professional or otherwise), consultant, individual or entity who in the opinion of the directors of the Company has contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group;
- any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way
  of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and
  growth of the Group; and
- for the purposes of the Scheme, the offer may be made to any company wholly owned by one or more Eligible Participants.

The share option scheme became effective on 2 July 2007 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from its date of adoption on 29 June 2007.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Under the Scheme, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes adopted by the Group shall not exceed 30% of the share capital of the Company in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the Scheme or any other share option scheme adopted by the Group if the grant of such option will result in the limit being exceeded. Subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders, the aggregate number of the Company's shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not exceed 30% of the Company's shares in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all options excluding, options which have lapsed in accordance with the terms of this Scheme and any other option schemes of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of passing the relevant resolution adopting the Scheme without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options and the options granted under any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding options) to each grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being. Where any further grant of options to a grantee under the Scheme would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and proposed to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the shares in issue, such further grant must be separately approved by shareholders of the Company in general meeting with such grantee and his associates abstaining from voting.

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the share option scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to each of any eligible persons (including those cancelled, exercised and outstanding options), in any twelve months period up to the date of the latest grant shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue provided that the number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to each of the independent non-executive directors or substantial shareholders of the Company or any of their respective associates in the twelve months period up to the date of such grant in excess of 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's independent shareholders. Any further grant of options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by shareholders in general meeting in accordance with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules.

The offer of a grant of share options might be accepted in writing within 21 days from the date of the offer. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and should not be later than ten years from the date of the offer of the share options or the expiry date of the Scheme, if earlier.

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## 34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The subscription price is equal to the higher of (i) the nominal value of the shares of the Company; (ii) the closing price per share of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant; and (iii) the average closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant.

The fair value of share options granted is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income taking into account the probability that the options will vest over the vesting period. Upon the exercise of the options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded by the Company in the share premium account. At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses. Options which lapsed, if any, prior to their exercise date are deleted from the outstanding options.

All equity-settled share-based payments will be settled in equity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options.

Details of specific categories of share options are as follows:

| Option type | Date of grant    | Exercise period                  | Exercise price | Weighted<br>average<br>fair value at<br>grant date<br>HK\$ |
|-------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| 2007(a)     | 9 July 2007      | 9 July 2007 to 29 June 2017      | 0.2850         | 0.0908   |
| 2007(b)     | 22 August 2007   | 22 August 2007 to 29 June 2017   | 0.4060         | 0.1275   |
| 2008        | 10 July 2008     | 10 July 2008 to 29 June 2017     | 0.2656         | 0.0711   |
| 2009(c)     | 10 December 2009 | 10 December 2009 to 29 June 2017 | 0.1176         | 0.0461   |
| 2010(a)     | 8 March 2010     | 8 March 2010 to 29 June 2017     | 0.1280         | 0.0100   |
| 2010(b)     | 29 March 2010    | 29 March 2010 to 29 June 2017    | 0.1310         | 0.0100   |
| 2011        | 15 February 2011 | 15 February 2011 to 29 June 2017 | 0.3330         | 0.0820   |

The Company measures the fair value of share options granted to consultant by reference to the fair values of services rendered.

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#### 34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2011 is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. Where relevant, the expected life used in the model has been adjusted based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions (including the probability of meeting market conditions attached to the option), and behavioural considerations. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company's share price, adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information.

The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

#### Inputs into the model

|                         | Option type<br>2011 |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| _                       |                     |
| Grant date share price  | 0.3320              |
| Exercise price          | 0.3330              |
| Expected volatility     | 69.025%             |
| Expected exercise date  | 14 February 2012    |
| Risk-free interest rate | 0.30%               |
| Expected dividend yield | Nil                 |

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#### 34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options during the year:

|                                    |             | Granted     | Exercised    | Lapsed   |               |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------|---------------|
|                                    | Outstanding | during      | during       | during   | Outstanding   |
| Option type                        | at 1/1/2011 | the year    | the year     | the year | at 31/12/2011 |
|                                    |             |             |              |          |               |
| 2007(a)                            | 48,000,000  | -           | -            | _        | 48,000,000    |
| 2007(b)                            | 41,000,000  | -           | -            | -        | 41,000,000    |
| 2008                               | 60,000,000  | -           | (4,000,000)  | _        | 56,000,000    |
| 2009(c)                            | 13,000,000  | _           | (13,000,000) | -        | -             |
| 2011                               | _           | 15,000,000  | _            | -        | 15,000,000    |
|                                    | 162,000,000 | 15,000,000  | (17,000,000) | -        | 160,000,000   |
| Exercisable at the end of the year |             |             |              |          | 160,000,000   |
|                                    | 11//00 0050 | LU/\$0,0000 | 11/00 4504   | N.C.     | LU/00 0407    |
| Weighted average exercise price    | HK\$0.2950  | HK\$0.3330  | HK\$0.1524   | Nil      | HK\$0.3137    |

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options during prior year:

|                                    |             | Granted    | Exercised     | Lapsed       |               |
|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
|                                    | Outstanding | during     | during        | during       | Outstanding   |
| Option type                        | at 1/1/2010 | the year   | the year      | the year     | at 31/12/2010 |
|                                    |             |            |               |              |               |
| 2007(a)                            | 48,000,000  | -          | _             | _            | 48,000,000    |
| 2007(b)                            | 41,000,000  | -          | _             | -            | 41,000,000    |
| 2008                               | 71,250,000  | -          | -             | (11,250,000) | 60,000,000    |
| 2009(c)                            | 83,110,000  | _          | (70,110,000)  | -            | 13,000,000    |
| 2010(a)                            | -           | 36,000,000 | (36,000,000)  | -            | -             |
| 2010(b)                            | _           | 36,000,000 | (36,000,000)  | _            | _             |
|                                    | 243,360,000 | 72,000,000 | (142,110,000) | (11,250,000) | 162,000,000   |
| Exercisable at the end of the year |             |            |               |              | 162,000,000   |
|                                    |             |            |               |              |               |
| Weighted average exercise price    | HK\$0.2425  | HK\$0.1295 | HK\$0.1236    | HK\$0.2656   | HK\$0.2950    |

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year was HK\$0.3129 (2010: HK\$0.2300) per share.

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#### 34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The following share options granted under the Scheme were exercised in the current year:

|             |                  |                 | Share price at |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Option type | Number exercised | Exercise date   | exercise date  |
|             |                  |                 | _              |
| 2008        | 4,000,000        | 5 January 2011  | 0.37           |
| 2009(c)     | 4,000,000        | 20 January 2011 | 0.29           |
| 2009(c)     | 5,000,000        | 27 January 2011 | 0.28           |
| 2009(c)     | 4,000,000        | 31 March 2011   | 0.32           |
|             |                  |                 |                |
|             | 17,000,000       |                 |                |

Options granted are fully vested at the date of grant. In total, approximately HK\$1,230,000 (2010: HK\$720,000) of equity-settled share-based payments, comprising HK\$1,230,000 (2010: Nil) to employees and Nil (2010: HK\$720,000) to others has been included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2011, the corresponding amount of which has been credited to share options reserve (note 33). No liabilities were recognised on the equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

All share options have been accounted for under HKFRS 2. The share options outstanding at the end of the year had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 5.5 years (2010: 6.5 years).

#### 35. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management objectives are:

- to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern;
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders; and
- to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders and issue new shares to reduce its debt level.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total capital. Total borrowings are calculated as current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position and total capital is calculated as "total equity", as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

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#### 35. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

|                  | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                  |                  |                  |
| Total borrowings | 657,568          | 650,982          |
| Total equity     | 150,563          | 711,937          |
| Gearing ratio    | 437%             | 91%              |

#### **36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### 36.1 Categories of financial instruments

#### Financial assets

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   |                  |                  |
| Loans and receivables:                          |                  |                  |
| Trade and other receivables (included in        |                  |                  |
| financial assets)                               | 13,168           | 1,181            |
| Amount due from a non-controlling interest      |                  |                  |
| of a subsidiary                                 | 496              | 457              |
| Cash and bank balances                          |                  |                  |
| (including pledged bank deposit)                | 161,665          | 348,382          |
| Available-for-sale financial asset:             |                  |                  |
| Available-for-sale investment                   | 118              | 118              |
|   |                  |                  |
| Financial liabilities                           |                  |                  |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost:        |                  |                  |
| Trade and other payables (included in financial |                  |                  |
| liabilities)                                    | 14,886           | 13,028           |
| Amount due to a non-controlling interest        |                  |                  |
| of a subsidiary                                 | 220              | 212              |
| Convertible bonds                               | 79,883           | 90,944           |
| Promissory note                                 | 577,685          | 559,948          |

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#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 36.2 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group is exposed to financial risks through its use of financial instruments in its ordinary course of operations and in its investment activities. The financial risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Financial risk management is coordinated at the Group's headquarters, in close co-operation with the board of directors. The overall objectives in managing financial risks focus on securing the Group's short to medium term cash flows by minimising its exposure to financial markets. Long term financial investments are managed to generate lasting returns with acceptable risk levels.

It is not the Group's policy to actively engage in the trading of financial instruments for speculative purposes. The treasury department works under the policies approved by the board of directors. It identifies ways to access financial markets and monitors the Group's financial risk exposures. Regular reports are provided to the board of directors.

There has been no change to the types of the Group's exposure in respect of financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

#### 36.2.1 Market risk

#### Foreign currency risk management

The Group's exposure to currency exchange rates is minimal as the group companies usually hold most of their financial assets/liabilities in their own functional currencies. Currently the Group does not have foreign currency hedging policy but the management continuously monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### Interest rate risk management

The Group does not have material exposure to interest rate risk. A reasonably possible change in interest rate in the twelve months is assessed; which could have immaterial change in the Group's loss after tax and accumulated losses. Changes in interest rates have no material impact on the Group's other components of equity. The Group adopts centralised treasury policies in cash and financial management and focuses on reducing the Group's overall interest expenses.

The directors are of the opinion that the Group's sensitivity to the change in interest rate is low.

#### Other price risks

As the Group has no significant investments in financial assets at FVTPL, the Group is not exposed to significant other price risks.

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#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 36.2 Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### 36.2.2 Credit risk management

At 31 December 2011, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Details of the Group's credit risk are included in note 24.

#### 36.2.3 Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework to meet the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, was as follows:

|                                 | On demand<br>or less    | Total contractual<br>undiscounted |                        |                     |  | Total carrying |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------|
|                                 | than 1 year<br>HK\$'000 | 1-5 years<br>HK\$'000             | cash flows<br>HK\$'000 | amounts<br>HK\$'000 |  |                |
| At 31 December 2011             |                         |                                   |                        |                     |  |                |
| Non-derivative financial liabil | ities                   |                                   |                        |                     |  |                |
| Trade and other payables        | 14,886                  | _                                 | 14,886                 | 14,886              |  |                |
| Amount due to a non-controllin  | g                       |                                   |                        |                     |  |                |
| of a subsidiary                 | 220                     | _                                 | 220                    | 220                 |  |                |
| Convertible bonds               | _                       | 144,100                           | 144,100                | 79,883              |  |                |
| Promissory note                 | -                       | 1,037,192                         | 1,037,192              | 577,685             |  |                |
|                                 | 15,106                  | 1,181,292                         | 1,196,398              | 672,674             |  |                |
| At 31 December 2010             |                         |                                   |                        |                     |  |                |
| Non-derivative financial liabil | ities                   |                                   |                        |                     |  |                |
| Trade and other payables        | 13,028                  | _                                 | 13,028                 | 13,028              |  |                |
| Amount due to a non-controllin  | g                       |                                   |                        |                     |  |                |
| of a subsidiary                 | 212                     | _                                 | 212                    | 212                 |  |                |
| Convertible bonds               | _                       | 190,900                           | 190,900                | 90,944              |  |                |
| Promissory note                 | _                       | 1,179,796                         | 1,179,796              | 559,948             |  |                |
|                                 | 13,240                  | 1,370,696                         | 1,383,936              | 664,132             |  |                |

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#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 36.3 Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid and ask prices respectively; and
- The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

Except as detailed in the following table, the directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values:

|                              | 2        | 011        | 2        | 010        |
|------------------------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|
|                              | Carrying |            | Carrying |            |
|                              | amount   | Fair value | amount   | Fair value |
|                              | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000   |
|                              |          |            |          |            |
| Financial liabilities        |          |            |          |            |
| Convertible bonds (Note (i)) | 79,883   | 79,660     | 90,944   | 87,200     |
| Promissory note (Note (ii))  | 577,685  | 574,500    | 559,948  | 540,720    |

#### Notes:

- (i) The fair value of the liability component of convertible bonds has been calculated by using effective interest rate of 17.61% (2010: 18.33%) per annum with reference to the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Note and credit risk margin.
- (ii) The fair value of promissory note is estimated to be HK\$574,500,000 (2010: HK\$540,720,000) using a 17.61% (2010: 18.33%) discount rate based on quoted Hong Kong Exchange Fund Note and credit risk margin.

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#### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 36.3 Fair value of financial instruments (Continued)

## 36.3.1 Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted)
   in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in both years.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group did not have any assets and liabilities that were measured at the above fair value measurements hierarchy.

#### 37. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION

#### (a) Acquisition of Beijing Caiyingle

In January 2011, Media Hong Kong Investment Limited ("Media Hong Kong"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("Beijing Caiyingle Agreement") with the owners of Beijing Caiyingle namely the first vendor ("First Vendor") who holds 60% of Beijing Caiyingle and the second vendor ("Second Vendor") who holds 40% of Beijing Caiyingle, pursuant to which Media Hong Kong has agreed to purchase from the First Vendor and the Second Vendor their respective 25% and 40% (65% in aggregate) equity interests in Beijing Caiyingle for a consideration of RMB2,980,769 and RMB4,769,231 respectively (equivalent to approximately HK\$9,232,000 in aggregate). All conditions precedent to the completion of the Beijing Caiyingle Agreement were fulfilled and the acquisition was completed on 27 April 2011.

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# 37. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

#### (a) Acquisition of Beijing Caiyingle (Continued)

In the opinion of the directors, the acquisition will provide synergies in conjunction with lottery sales services business that was acquired by the Group in 2010.

#### Consideration transferred:

|           | HK\$'000 |
|-----------|----------|
|           |          |
| Cash paid | 9,232    |

Acquisition-related costs amounting to approximately HK\$241,000 have been excluded from the cost of acquisition and have been recognised as part of the administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

#### Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

|   | HK\$'000 |
|---|----------|
| Non-current assets                          |          |
|   | 0        |
| Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)     | 6        |
| Current assets                              |          |
| Prepayments, deposits and other receivables | 159      |
| Cash and bank balances                      | 2,272    |
| Current liabilities                         |          |
| Other payables and accruals                 | (2,523)  |
|   |          |
|   | (86)     |

The fair value of receivables acquired, which principally comprised prepayments, deposits and other receivables approximated the gross contractual amounts. There are no contractual cash flows not expected to be collected.

#### Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interests at the acquisition date were measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

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# 37. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

#### (a) Acquisition of Beijing Caiyingle (Continued)

#### Goodwill arising on acquisition

|  | HK\$'000 |
|--|----------|
|  |          |
| Consideration transferred                                | 9,232    |
| Less: non-controlling interests                          | (30)     |
| Add: fair value of identifiable net liabilities acquired | 86       |
|  |          |
| Goodwill arising on acquisition (Note 18)                | 9,288    |

None of the goodwill on this acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Goodwill arising from acquisition of Beijing Caiyingle is attributable to the anticipated profitability and future development of Beijing Caiyingle in lottery market in the PRC and the anticipated future operating synergy from the combinations.

#### Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of a subsidiary

|                                       | HK\$'000 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
|                                       | _        |
| Consideration paid in cash            | 9,232    |
| Less: cash and bank balances acquired | (2,272)  |
|                                       |          |
|                                       | 6,960    |

#### Impact of acquisition of the results of the Group

Beijing Caiyingle contributed revenues of approximately HK\$155,000 and net loss of approximately HK\$1,308,000 to the Group for the period from the date of acquisition to 31 December 2011. If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2011, Group revenue would have been approximately HK\$2,091,000 and loss before allocations would have been approximately HK\$639,659,000. This pro forma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of the revenue and results of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition occurred on 1 January 2011, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

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# 37. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

#### (b) Acquisition of Pearl Sharp Limited

Pursuant to the agreement dated 13 May 2010 (the "Acquisition Agreement") entered into between Easywin International Holdings Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) ("Easywin") and Mr. Leung, a director and a substantial shareholder of the Company (as "Vendor"), Easywin has agreed to acquire and the Vendor has agreed to dispose of the entire issued capital of Pearl Sharp Limited, which was legal and beneficial owned by the Vendor, at a total consideration of HK\$2,112,500,000. Pearl Sharp Limited (through its subsidiaries) was principally engaged in development of computer software, hardware and application system, sale of self-development technology or results and provision of relevant technical consultancy services. Pursuant to the terms of the Acquisition Agreement, the consideration was satisfied by (i) HK\$67,000,000 was paid as deposit; the remaining consideration by the issuance to the Vendor of (ii) 200,000,000 new ordinary shares at HK\$0.24 per share in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$48,000,000; (iii) promissory note with principal amount of HK\$1,200,000,000 with 0.15% per annum coupon rate payable on an annual basis with 5-year maturity; and (iv) zero coupon convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$797,500,000 with a 5-year maturity. Details of the convertible bonds and promissory note are set out in notes 29 and 30 respectively. The acquisition constituted a very substantial acquisition and a connected transaction on the part of the Company under the GEM Listing Rules. All conditions precedent under the Acquisition Agreement had been fulfilled and the acquisition was completed on 27 August 2010.

#### Consideration transferred:

|  | HK\$'000  |
|--|-----------|
|  |           |
| Cash paid                              | 67,000    |
| Fair value of shares issued            | 33,600    |
| Fair value of convertible bonds issued | 797,500   |
| Fair value of promissory note          | 544,880   |
| Total                                  | 1,442,980 |

#### Notes:

The fair value of the shares issued was based on the published share price available at the date of acquisition. The basis for determining the fair value of the convertible bonds and promissory note are detailed in notes 29 and 30 respectively.

Acquisition-related costs amounting to HK\$2,899,000 had been excluded from the cost of acquisition and had been recognised as part of the administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

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# 37. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

#### (b) Acquisition of Pearl Sharp Limited (Continued)

#### Assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition

|  | HK\$'000  |
|--|-----------|
| Non-current assets   |           |
| Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)                    | 1,478     |
| Other intangible assets (Note 20)                          | 2,306,800 |
| Interest in an associate                                   | 382       |
| Current assets   |           |
| Prepayments, deposits and other receivables                | 1,809     |
| Amount due from an associate                               | 218       |
| Amount due from a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary | 275       |
| Cash and bank balances                                     | 20,688    |
| Current liabilities  |           |
| Other payables and accruals                                | (1,541)   |
| Amount due to non-controlling interest of a subsidiary     | (2,994)   |
| Non-current liabilities                                    |           |
| Deferred tax liabilities (Note 31)                         | (346,020) |
|  | 1,981,095 |

The fair value of receivables acquired, which principally comprised prepayments, deposits and other receivables approximated the gross contractual amounts. There were no contractual cash flows not expected to be collected.

#### Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interests at the acquisition date were measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

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## 37. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND BUSINESS COMBINATION (Continued)

#### (b) Acquisition of Pearl Sharp Limited (Continued)

#### Goodwill arising on acquisition

|  | HK\$'000    |
|--|-------------|
|  |             |
| Consideration transferred                            | 1,442,980   |
| Add: non-controlling interests                       | 970,493     |
| Less: fair value of identifiable net assets acquired | (1,981,095) |
|  |             |
| Goodwill arising on acquisition                      | 432,378     |

None of the goodwill on this acquisition was expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Goodwill arising from acquisition of Pearl Sharp Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Pearl Sharp Group") was attributable to the anticipated profitability and future development of the Pearl Sharp Group in lottery market in the PRC and the anticipated future operating synergy from the combinations.

#### Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of subsidiaries

|                                       | HK\$'000 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
|                                       |          |
| Consideration paid in cash            | 67,000   |
| Less: cash and bank balances acquired | (20,688) |
|                                       |          |
|                                       | 46,312   |

#### Impact of acquisition on the results of the Group

The Pearl Sharp Group contributed revenues of approximately HK\$681,000 and net loss of approximately HK\$4,833,000 to the Group for the period from the date of acquisition to 31 December 2010. If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2010, Group revenue would have been approximately HK\$2,778,000 and loss before allocations would have been approximately HK\$2,588,799,000. This pro forma information was for illustrative purposes only and was not necessarily an indication of the revenue and results of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition occurred on 1 January 2010, nor was it intended to be a projection of future results.

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 38. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

In September 2011, E-silkroad.net Corporation, a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Mr. Leung, a director and substantial shareholder of the Company, entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which E-silkroad.net Corporation has agreed to sell and Mr. Leung has agreed to purchase the entire issued ordinary share capital of Business Essence Technology Limited ("Business Essence"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, which holds 95% equity interests in 中山市光彩未來軟件有限公司, and the shareholder's loan outstanding as at completion made by or on behalf of E-silkroad.net Corporation to Business Essence, at a purchase consideration of approximately HK\$7,965,000. The disposal was completed on 15 September 2011. Upon completion of the disposal, the Group ceased to have any shareholding in Business Essence.

The consolidated net liabilities of Business Essence and its subsidiary on the date of disposal were as follows:

|   | HK\$'000 |
|---|----------|
|   |          |
| Property, plant and equipment                   | 1        |
| Prepayments, deposits and other receivables     | 17       |
| Cash and bank balances                          | 5        |
| Amount due to immediate holding company         | (7,977)  |
| Other payables and accruals                     | (303)    |
|   | (8,257)  |
| Non-controlling interests                       | 15       |
| Release of foreign currency translation reserve | 110      |
| Gain on disposal of subsidiaries                | 8,120    |
|   | (12)     |
|   |          |
| Satisfied by:                                   |          |
| Cash consideration                              | 7,965    |
| Disposal of shareholder's loan                  | (7,977)  |
|   | (12)     |
| Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries:    |          |
| Cash consideration                              | 7,965    |
| Cash and bank balances disposed of              | •        |
| Cash and pank paralles disposed of              | (5)      |
|   | 7,960    |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 39. OPERATING LEASES COMMITMENTS

#### Group

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

|  | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive | 2,012<br>310     | 498<br>30        |
|  | 2,322            | 528              |

Operating leases relate to rented premises with lease terms of between 1 to 3 years (2010: 1 to 3 years), with no option to renew the lease terms at the expiry date. The lease does not include contingent rental.

#### Company

The Company had no significant operating lease commitments at 31 December 2010 and 2011.

#### **40. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

At 31 December 2011, the Group had the following significant commitments which were not provided for in the consolidated financial statements:

|   | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
|   |                  |                  |
| Authorised and contracted for:                    |                  |                  |
| Investment in a joint venture Company (Note (i))  | 24,412           | _                |
| Capital commitment to the registered capital of   |                  |                  |
| a PRC subsidiary payable by the Group (Note (ii)) | 4,948            | _                |
| Exploration work in the PRC                       | 2,902            | 2,354            |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment         | 8,690            | _                |
|   |                  |                  |
|   | 40,952           | 2,354            |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### 40. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) In July 2011, Multi Joy Corporation Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Multi Joy") and 中國數字圖書館有限責任公司 (translated as China Digital Library Limited Company) ("China Digital Library") entered into a joint venture agreement ("JV Agreement") in relation to the formation of 中數三網科技(北京)有限公司 (translated as Zhongshu Sanwang Technology (Beijing) Limited) ("Zhongshu Sanwang") which will be principally engaged in IPTV services related advertisement and value-added services in the PRC. Pursuant to the JV Agreement, the total investment capital and the registered capital of Zhongshu Sanwang are RMB100,000,000 and RMB40,816,000 respectively. Upon its formation, Zhongshu Sanwang will be owned as to 49% and 51% by Multi Joy and China Digital Library respectively.
- (ii) Media Hong Kong and the First Vendor entered into an increase in registered capital agreement, pursuant to which Media Hong Kong and the First Vendor agreed to increase the registered capital of Beijing Caiyingle in proportion to their equity interests from RMB5,000,000 to RMB14,285,700. At 31 December 2011, approximately RMB1,982,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,350,000) have been contributed by Media Hong Kong.

The Company had no significant capital commitments at 31 December 2010 and 2011.

#### 41. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

|  | 2011     | 2010     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|  |          |          |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditure | 120      | _        |

Note: Exploration and evaluation expenditure was paid to a non-controlling interest of Yunnan Western and the transaction was entered into at terms agreed between the contracting parties.

#### Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

#### Group

|                          | 2011<br>HK\$'000 | 2010<br>HK\$'000 |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                          |                  |                  |
| Short-term benefits      | 13,716           | 11,007           |
| Post-employment benefits | 36               | 36               |
|                          |                  |                  |
|                          | 13,752           | 11,043           |

For the year ended 31 December 2011

#### **42. COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

The results and cash flows of the staff secondment segment have been presented as discontinued operation and accordingly, the comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2010 of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income had been reclassified in accordance with HKFRSs. For comparative purposes, certain comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform with current year presentation to align with the consolidated financial statements presentation of the Group.

#### 43. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

#### (a) Share consolidation and change in board lot size

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 24 February 2012, a share consolidation was approved with effect from 27 February 2012 in which every 5 of the existing issued and unissued ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each in the share capital of the Company would be consolidated into 1 consolidated share of HK\$0.005 each. Immediate after the share consolidation, the authorised share capital of the Company comprised 20,000,000,000 consolidated shares of HK\$0.005 each of which 1,854,235,049 consolidated shares of HK\$0.005 each are in issue and the board lot size is changed from 15,000 shares to 5,000 consolidated shares.

#### (b) Agreement with Jinse Pingdao

Max Choice Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and 上海金色平道文化傳媒有限公司 (translated as Shanghai Jinse Pingdao Cultural Media Limited) ("Jinse Pingdao"), the operator of Xingfu lottery channel, entered into an agreement on 18 January 2012, pursuant to which the Company agreed to set up a joint venture company with Jinse Pingdao through Shenzhen Huancai to co-develop TV interactive lottery services in the PRC.

#### (c) Acquisition of additional 49% equity interest in Shenzhen Huancai

In March 2011, Greatest Profit Investment Limited, being a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Purchaser"), Century Profit Holdings Limited ("CPHL") and Mr. Lin Zhiwei, being a director of Shenzhen Huancai and the other two beneficial shareholders of CPHL (collectively, the "Warrantors") entered into an acquisition agreement ("Original Agreement") pursuant to which the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire and CPHL has conditionally agreed to dispose of the entire issued share capital of Carnix Investment Limited ("Carnix") and Mutual International Limited ("MIL"), which collectively holds 49% equity interests in Shenzhen Huancai, at a consideration of RMB73,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$86,982,000). Pursuant to the terms of the Original Agreement, the consideration shall be satisfied as to RMB10,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$12,781,000) in cash and as to RMB62,700,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$74,201,000) to be satisfied by the Purchaser procuring the Company to allot and issue consideration shares, credited as fully paid at the issue price, on completion to CPHL.

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#### 43. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

## (c) Acquisition of additional 49% equity interest in Shenzhen Huancai (Continued)

Subsequent to an internal corporate reorganisation by CPHL, in August 2011, a supplemental agreement ("Supplemental Agreement") was entered into between the Purchaser, CPHL and MIL (collectively the "Vendors") and the Warrantors. Pursuant to the Supplemental Agreement, the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to acquire and the Vendors have conditionally agreed to dispose of the entire issued share capital of Carnix and Wise Mark Investments Limited ("WMIL") at a consideration of RMB73,500,000. The sole asset of Carnix and WMIL is their respective 30.87% and 18.13% (collectively 49%) equity interests in Shenzhen Huancai. Upon completion of the acquisition, Shenzhen Huancai would become an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company. Up to the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the acquisition has not yet completed.

## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

|  | For the year ended 31 December |                |           |             |           |  |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--|
|  | 2007                           | 2008           | 2009      | 2010        | 2011      |  |
|  | HK\$'000                       | HK\$'000       | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000  |  |
|  |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
| RESULTS                                    |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
| Revenue                                    | 2 202                          | 0.40           | 1 000     | 2.502       | 2.014     |  |
| - continuing operations                    | 2,293                          | 646            | 1,893     | 2,582       | 2,014     |  |
| <ul> <li>discontinued operation</li> </ul> | 316                            | 620            | 164       | 93          |           |  |
| Total                                      | 2,609                          | 1,266          | 2,057     | 2,675       | 2,014     |  |
| Loss for the year                          | (19,154)                       | (50,245)       | (414 270) | (2,583,638) | (639,514) |  |
| 2000 for the your                          | (10,104)                       | (00,240)       | (414,270) | (2,000,000) | (000,014) |  |
| Loss attributable to:                      |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
| Owners of the Company                      | (19,154)                       | (50,119)       | (365,512) | (1,887,273) | (618,778) |  |
| Non-controlling interests                  | _                              | (126)          | (48,758)  | (696,365)   | (20,736)  |  |
|  |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
|  | (19,154)                       | (50,245)       | (414,270) | (2,583,638) | (639,514) |  |
|  |                                | At 31 December |           |             |           |  |
|  | 2007                           | 2008           | 2009      | 2010        | 2011      |  |
|  | HK\$'000                       | HK\$'000       | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000    | HK\$'000  |  |
| ASSETS AND LIABILITIES                     |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
|  |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
| Total asset                                | 94,183                         | 1,463,537      | 1,036,844 | 1,501,998   | 941,766   |  |
| Total liabilities                          | (4,760)                        | (367,720)      | (1,862)   | (790,061)   | (791,203) |  |
|  | 89,423                         | 1,095,817      | 1,034,982 | 711,937     | 150,563   |  |
|  |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
| Equity attributable to owners              |                                |                |           |             |           |  |
| of the Company                             | 89,423                         | 1,045,149      | 1,033,139 | 400,964     | (154,377) |  |
| Non-controlling interests                  |                                | 50,668         | 1,843     | 310,973     | 304,940   |  |
|  | 89,423                         | 1,095,817      | 1,034,982 | 711,937     | 150,563   |  |